

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549**

**FORM SD
Specialized Disclosure Report**

ICU MEDICAL, INC.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation)

001-34634
(Commission
File Number)

33-0022692
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

**951 Calle Amanecer
San Clemente, California 92673**
(Address of Principal Executive Offices and Zip Code)

Brian M. Bonnell
Chief Financial Officer
(949) 366-2183
(Name and telephone number, including area code, of the person to contact in connection with this report)

Check the appropriate box to indicate the rule pursuant to which this form is being filed, and provide the period to which the information in this form applies:

Rule 13p-1 under the Securities Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13p-1) for the reporting period from January 1, to December 31, 2021.

Section 1 – Conflict Minerals Disclosure

Item 1.01 Conflict Minerals Disclosure and Report

ICU Medical, Inc. (including its consolidated subsidiaries, the “*Company*”) is filing this Form SD pursuant to Rule 13p-1 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 for the reporting period from January 1, 2021 to December 31, 2021 (the “*Reporting Period*”).

In accordance with the requirements of Rule 13p-1, a copy of the Company's Conflict Minerals Report is provided as Exhibit 1.01 to this Form SD, is hereby incorporated by reference herein, and is publicly available on the Company's website at <https://www.icumed.com/about-us/corporate-policies/conflict-minerals-disclosure>.

Item 1.02 Exhibit

As specified in Section 2, Item 2.01 of this Form SD, the Company is hereby filing its Conflict Minerals Report as Exhibit 1.01 to this report.

Section 2 – Exhibits

Item 2.01 Exhibits

The following exhibit is filed as part of this report:

Exhibit No.	Description
<u>1.01</u>	Conflict Minerals Report of ICU Medical, Inc. for the reporting period from January 1, 2021 to December 31, 2021.

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

ICU Medical, Inc.

/s/ BRIAN M. BONNELL

Brian M. Bonnell

Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

Date: May 31, 2022

Conflict Minerals Report
For the Calendar Year Ended December 31, 2021

Except as otherwise indicated, all references in this report to “the Company,” “we,” “our” and “us” refer to ICU Medical, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries.

Conflict Minerals Disclosure

During the Reporting Period, the Company was engaged in the development, manufacture and sale of innovative medical products used in infusion therapy and critical care applications. The Company's complete product line during the Reporting Period included IV solutions, IV smart pumps with pain management and safety software technology, dedicated and non-dedicated IV sets, needlefree connectors designed to help meet clinical, safety and workflow goals, closed system transfer devices for preparing and administering hazardous IV drugs, and cardiac monitoring systems for critically ill patients.

Rule 13p-1 of the Securities Exchange Act and Form SD thereunder (the “**Conflict Minerals Rule**”), requires the disclosure of certain information if a company manufactures or contracts to manufacture products for which certain “conflict minerals” (as defined below) are necessary to the functionality or production of such products. Form SD defines “**conflict minerals**” as: (i)(a) columbite-tantalite (coltan), (b) cassiterite, (c) gold and (d) wolframite, or their derivatives, which are currently limited to tantalum, tin and tungsten; or (ii) any other mineral or its derivatives determined by the U.S. Secretary of State to be financing conflict in the Democratic Republic of the Congo or an “adjoining country,” as such term is defined in Form SD (collectively, the “**Covered Countries**”).

Reasonable Country of Origin Inquiry

The Company performed an investigation into the content of all of its purchased and contract manufactured materials to determine whether or not any of these contain conflict minerals. We analyzed our products and determined that gold, tantalum and tin are in certain raw material and/or components used in our products.

As a result, the Company performed, in good faith, a reasonable country-of-origin inquiry (“**RCOI**”) designed to determine whether the gold, tantalum and tin contained in its products originated in the Covered Countries during the Reporting Period. For the Reporting Period, the Company received completed surveys from 79% of the suppliers contacted. Review of the surveys indicated that some of the conflict minerals used in the products they manufacture originated from smelters in the covered countries.

The RCOI involved identifying “high risk” suppliers with whom we needed to engage, based on the probability that the raw materials, components, or finished product they supplied may contain conflict minerals. “High risk suppliers” are suppliers that supply raw materials, components, or finished products that we determine have the highest risk of containing conflict minerals, based on our review of the category of items supplied by the suppliers. Our risk evaluation included the following steps: (1) review a list of items procured during the reporting period and (2) identify items in such list that may contain conflict minerals, based on a review of the item’s category (e.g., electronics and metal components were considered to have a high risk of containing conflict minerals; whereas, pharmaceutical ingredients and paper/label suppliers were considered to have low risk of containing conflict minerals). We then contacted the “high risk” suppliers to request the country-of-origin of the conflict minerals that may be present in the materials and/or components and/or finished products they supplied. For the Reporting Period, we sent a supplier survey to our “high risk suppliers.” We used the Conflict Minerals Reporting Template, developed by the Responsible Minerals Initiative, to survey our suppliers (the “**Survey**”).

Because of our size, the complexity of our products, and the depth, breadth, and constant evolution of our supply chain, it is difficult to identify suppliers upstream from our direct suppliers. We rely on our direct suppliers to provide us with information about the source of conflict minerals contained in the raw materials and/or components supplied to us. In many instances, our direct suppliers are similarly reliant upon information provided by their suppliers. Our disclosures in this report are based on the information we received from our suppliers.

Due Diligence Results

For the Reporting Period, the Company surveyed 96 “high risk suppliers” and received responses from 76 of the suppliers surveyed. Forty-three suppliers confirmed the use of gold, tin, or tantalum. Of the forty-three suppliers, twenty-five suppliers indicated sources in the Covered Countries or sources were unknown. Of the 25 suppliers, 10 were able to confirm the sources of the conflict minerals with the remaining 15 suppliers indicating that the status of some of the sources were unknown.

Additional Due Diligence Efforts:

1. Engage with suppliers and, as necessary, follow up multiple times to increase the response rate and request additional detail regarding the supplier survey responses. We inform our suppliers about the Conflict Minerals Rule, and direct current, and will direct future, suppliers to our Supplier Code of Conduct.
2. Inclusion of a stipulation in the terms and conditions of all purchase orders, each of which is acknowledged by our vendors, that the vendor is in compliance with the Conflict Minerals Rule.

Forward Looking Statements

Statements relating to due diligence improvements are forward-looking in nature and are based on ICU Medical management's current expectations or beliefs. These forward-looking statements are not a guarantee of performance and are subject to a number of uncertainties and other factors that may be outside of ICU Medical's control and that could cause actual events to differ materially from those expressed or implied by the statements made herein.