UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

X	QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13	OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXC	HANGE ACT OF 1934	
	For	the quarterly period ended: Septembe or	r 30, 2022	
	TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13		HANGE ACT OF 1934	
	Ī	For the transition period from:	to	
		Commission File No.: 001-34634		
	(Exa	ICU MEDICAL, INC. ct name of registrant as specified in its ch	arter)	
	Delaware		33-0022692	
	(State or other jurisdiction of		(I.R.S. Employer	
	incorporation or organization)		Identification No.)	
	951 Calle Amanecer , San Clemente , California		92673	
	(Address of principal executive offices)		(Zip Code)	
	(Reg	(949) 366-2183 istrant's telephone number including area	code)	
ī	ndicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all rep	north required to be filed by Section 12 or	15(d) of the Securities Evaluates Act of 1024 du	ring the preceding 10
	indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has fried an rep is (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to f			
	ndicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted elec .405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such			gulation S-T
	ndicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerate any. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated			
	Large accelerated filer		Accelerated filer	
	Non-accelerated filer		Smaller reporting company	
			Emerging growth company	
	If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the renting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Excha		ed transition period for complying with any new	or revised financial
I	ndicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company	(as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange	ge Act): Yes □ No ⊠	
5	Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:			
	Title of each class	Trading Symbol	Name of each exchange on which regis	stered
•			The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC	
	Common stock, par value \$0.10 per share	ICUI	(Global Select Market)	
I	ndicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's	classes of common stock, as of the latest	practicable date:	
	Class		Outstanding at October 31, 2022	
_	Common		23,981,588	

ICU MEDICAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Form 10-Q September 30, 2022

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PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION Item1. Financial Statements (Unaudited)

ICU MEDICAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In thousands, except par value data and treasury shares)

	September 30, 2022		December 31, 2021
	(Unaudited)		(1)
ASSETS			
CURRENT ASSETS:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 243.	,879 \$	552,827
Short-term investment securities	2,	,919	14,420
TOTAL CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND SHORT-TERM INVESTMENT SECURITIES	246,	,798	567,247
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$8,006 at September 30, 2022 and \$7,038 at December 31, 2021	212,	,845	105,894
Inventories	625,	,268	290,235
Prepaid income taxes	20,	,170	19,586
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	94,	,283	46,847
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	1,199	,364	1,029,809
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, net	656.	,383	468,365
OPERATING LEASE RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS	76.	,438	39,847
LONG-TERM INVESTMENT SECURITIES	1.	,831	4,620
GOODWILL	1,369	717	43,439
INTANGIBLE ASSETS, net	1,020	.658	188,311
DEFERRED INCOME TAXES	15.	482	42,604
OTHER ASSETS	110.	•	63,743
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 4,450		
LIADH ITIFC AND CTOCKHOLDERG FOLLTV	-		
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY CURRENT LIABILITIES:			
		0.42	01.120
Accounts payable		,042 \$	
Accrued liabilities	244,		118,195
Current portion of long-term debt		,375	-
Income tax payable		,014	1,454
Contingent earn-out liability		300	_
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	489	.034	200,777
CONTINGENT EARN-OUT LIABILITY	25,	,942	2,589
LONG-TERM DEBT	1,629	,849	_
OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES	119	,251	41,830
DEFERRED INCOME TAXES	153,	,599	1,490
INCOME TAX LIABILITY	19,	,997	18,021
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Note 19)		_	_
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:			
Convertible preferred stock, \$1.00 par value; Authorized — 500 shares; Issued and outstanding — none		_	_
Common stock, \$0.10 par value; Authorized — 80,000 shares; Issued — 23,980 shares at September 30, 2022 and 21,280 shares at December 31, 2021; and outstanding — 23,979 shares at September 30, 2022 and 21,280 shares at December 31, 2021	2.	.398	2,128
Additional paid-in capital	1,323	·	721,412
Treasury stock, at cost (712 and 119 shares, respectively)		126)	(27
Retained earnings	853.	. /	911,787
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(165,	•	(19,269
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	2,012		1,616,031
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$ 4,450		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUIT	7,430		1,000,730

⁽¹⁾ December 31, 2021 balances were derived from audited consolidated financial statements.

ICU MEDICAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (Unaudited)

(In thousands, except per share data)

	Three mor Septen		Nine months ended September 30,				
	 2022		2021		2022		2021
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 597,857	\$	336,060	\$	1,701,983	\$	975,783
COST OF GOODS SOLD	411,461		208,269		1,179,167		611,783
GROSS PROFIT	 186,396		127,791		522,816		364,000
OPERATING EXPENSES:	 						
Selling, general and administrative	153,452		74,815		465,412		221,127
Research and development	23,105		12,238		69,538		34,332
Restructuring, strategic transaction and integration	14,365		2,358		61,795		8,994
Change in fair value of contingent earn-out	(4,059)				(31,253)		
Contract settlement	 <u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		127
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	 186,863		89,411		565,492		264,580
(LOSS) INCOME FROM OPERATIONS	(467)		38,380		(42,676)		99,420
INTEREST EXPENSE	(21,151)		(168)		(51,068)		(492)
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE), net	311		(287)		782		921
(LOSS) INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	 (21,307)		37,925		(92,962)		99,849
BENEFIT (PROVISION) FOR INCOME TAXES	8,099		(6,844)		34,212		(16,639)
NET (LOSS) INCOME	\$ (13,208)	\$	31,081	\$	(58,750)	\$	83,210
NET (LOSS) INCOME PER SHARE		-					
Basic	\$ (0.55)	\$	1.47	\$	(2.47)	\$	3.93
Diluted	\$ (0.55)	\$	1.43	\$	(2.47)	\$	3.83
WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF SHARES							
Basic	23,908		21,214		23,828		21,189
Diluted	23,908		21,730		23,828		21,735

ICU MEDICAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS) INCOME (Unaudited)

(In thousands)

	Three months ended September 30,				Nine months ended September 30,				
	2022 2021				2022		2021		
NET (LOSS) INCOME	\$	(13,208)	\$	31,081	\$	(58,750)	\$	83,210	
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:									
Cash flow hedge adjustments, net of tax of \$(3,676) and \$259 for the three months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and \$(15,357) and \$668 for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.	l	16.915		(819)		48.631		(2,116)	
Foreign currency translation adjustment, net of tax of \$0 for all periods		(90,549)		(5,360)		(195,300)		(11,516)	
Other adjustments, net of tax of \$0 for all periods		227		12		256		36	
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax		(73,407)		(6,167)		(146,413)		(13,596)	
COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS) INCOME	\$	(86,615)	\$	24,914	\$	(205,163)	\$	69,614	

ICU MEDICAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (Unaudited) (Amounts in thousands)

	Common Stock				Additional Paid-in Treasury				Retained	Accumulated Other Comprehensive			
	Shares	An	nount		Capital		Stock		Earnings		s) Income		Total
Balance, January 1, 2022	21,280	\$	2,128	\$	721,412	\$	(27)	\$	911,787	\$	(19,269)	\$	1,616,031
Issuance of restricted stock and exercise of stock options	154		12		(2,965)		5,927		_		_		2,974
Tax withholding payments related to net share settlement of equity awards	(37)		_		_		(8,743)		_		_		(8,743)
Issuance of common stock for acquisitions	2,500		250		575,725		_		_		_		575,975
Stock compensation	_		_		12,092		_		_		_		12,092
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	_		_		_		_		_		18,641		18,641
Net loss	_		_		_		_		(38,068)		_		(38,068)
Balance, March 31, 2022	23,897	\$	2,390	\$	1,306,264	\$	(2,843)	\$	873,719	\$	(628)	\$	2,178,902
Issuance of restricted stock and exercise of stock options	10		_		(4,428)		4,446		_		_		18
Tax withholding payments related to net share settlement of equity awards	(8)		_		_		(1,695)		_		_		(1,695)
Stock compensation	_		_		7,762		_		_		_		7,762
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax	_		_		_		_		_		(91,647)		(91,647)
Net loss					<u> </u>		<u> </u>		(7,474)				(7,474)
Balance, June 30, 2022	23,899	\$	2,390	\$	1,309,598	\$	(92)	\$	866,245	\$	(92,275)	\$	2,085,866
Issuance of restricted stock and exercise of stock options	82		8		4,837		69		_		_		4,914
Tax withholding payments related to net share settlement of equity awards	(2)		_		_		(103)		_		_		(103)
Stock compensation	_		_		8,743		_		_		_		8,743
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax	_		_		_		_		_		(73,407)		(73,407)
Net loss	_		_		_		_		(13,208)		_		(13,208)
Balance, September 30, 2022	23,979	\$	2,398	\$	1,323,178	\$	(126)	\$	853,037	\$	(165,682)	\$	2,012,805

ICU MEDICAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (Unaudited)(continued)

(Amounts in thousands)

	Common Stock			Additional Paid-in		Treasury		Retained	Accumulated Other Comprehensive			
	Shares	A	mount		Capital		Stock		Earnings		Loss) Income	Total
Balance, January 1, 2021	21,058	\$	2,106	\$	693,068	\$	(39)	\$	808,652	\$	(1,522)	\$ 1,502,265
Issuance of restricted stock and exercise of stock options	198		16		2,496		2,352		_		_	4,864
Tax withholding payments related to net share settlement of equity awards	(37)		_		_		(7,723)		_		_	(7,723)
Stock compensation	_		_		6,022		_		_		_	6,022
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax	_		_		_		_		_		(8,391)	(8,391)
Net income	_		_		_		_		23,731		_	23,731
Balance, March 31, 2021	21,219	\$	2,122	\$	701,586	\$	(5,410)	\$	832,383	\$	(9,913)	\$ 1,520,768
Issuance of restricted stock and exercise of stock options	_		_		(2,685)		3,237		_		_	552
Tax withholding payments related to net share settlement of equity awards	_		_		_		(96)		_		_	(96)
Stock compensation	_		_		6,681		_		_		_	6,681
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	_		_		_		_		_		962	962
Net income	_		_		_		_		28,398		_	28,398
Balance, June 30, 2021	21,219	\$	2,122	\$	705,582	\$	(2,269)	\$	860,781	\$	(8,951)	\$ 1,557,265
Issuance of restricted stock and exercise of stock options	20		2		(963)		2,511		_			 1,550
Tax withholding payments related to net share settlement of equity awards	(1)		_		_		(290)		_		_	(290)
Stock compensation	_		_		6,533		_		_		_	6,533
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax	_		_		_		_		_		(6,167)	(6,167)
Net income	_		_		_		_		31,081		_	31,081
Balance, September 30, 2021	21,238	\$	2,124	\$	711,152	\$	(48)	\$	891,862	\$	(15,118)	\$ 1,589,972

ICU MEDICAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

(In thousands)

Nine months ended September 30, 2022 2021 CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: \$ (58,750) \$ 83.210 Net (loss) income Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) income to net cash (used in) provided by operating activities: 178,338 Depreciation and amortization 66,564 Amortization of inventory step-up 22,676 Noncash lease expense 17,382 7,165 Provision for doubtful accounts 214 342 Provision for warranty and returns 3,439 752 Stock compensation 28,597 19,236 1,083 Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment and other assets 2,391 254 Bond premium amortization 514 Debt issuance costs amortization 5,254 216 Change in fair value of contingent earn-out (31,253)Product-related charges 3,380 7,915 9,831 Usage of spare parts Other (2,855)2,908 Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of amounts acquired: 3.807 Accounts receivable (8,956)(151,840)16,510 Inventories 20,074 Prepaid expenses and other current assets 3.557 Other assets (22,594)(13,593)(10,374) 30.413 Accounts payable Accrued liabilities (38,070)(8,317) Income taxes, including excess tax benefits and deferred income taxes (63,047)(1,874)Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities (60,418)184,917 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Purchases of property, plant and equipment (68,715) (46,464)Proceeds from sale of assets 933 218 Business acquisitions, net of cash acquired (1,844,164) (10,216) Intangible asset additions (6,560)Investments in non-marketable equity investments (3,250)(3,397)(10,034)Purchases of investment securities Proceeds from sale and maturities of investment securities 36,433 12,000 Net cash used in investing activities (1,885,470) (57,746) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt, net of lender debt issuance costs 1,672,631 Principal repayments of long-term debt (20,250)Payment of third-party debt issuance costs (1,852)Proceeds from exercise of stock options 7,906 6,966 (448) Payments on finance leases (477)Tax withholding payments related to net share settlement of equity awards (10,541)(8,109)Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities 1,647,417 (1,591) Effect of exchange rate changes on cash (2,192)(10,477) NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (308,948) 123,388 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of period 552,827 396,097 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of period 243,879 519,485

ICU MEDICAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited) - CONTINUED (In thousands)

	Nine months ended September 30,			
		2022		2021
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NON-CASH INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Accounts payable for property, plant and equipment	\$	2,757	\$	2,897
Non-compete agreement with associated contingent earn-out liability	\$	_	\$	3,100
Detail of assets acquired and liabilities assumed in acquisitions*:				
Fair value of assets acquired	\$	1,658,937		
Cash paid for acquisitions, net of cash acquired		(1,844,164)		
Share consideration		(575,975)		
Contingent consideration		(55,158)		
Goodwill, acquired during period		1,442,849		
Liabilities assumed/Adjustments to liabilities assumed	\$	(626,489)		
*Includes amounts related to the acquisition of Smiths Medical 2020 Limited and measurement period adjustments related to a 2021 acquisition of a small foreign infusion systems supplier.				

Note 1: Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S.") and pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and reflect all adjustments, consisting of only normal recurring adjustments, which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair statement of the consolidated results for the interim periods presented. Results for the interim period are not necessarily indicative of results for the full year. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in annual consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations. The condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Annual Report on Form 10-K of ICU Medical, Inc., ("ICU"), a Delaware corporation, filed with the SEC for the year ended December 31, 2021. Certain reclassifications have been made to the prior year footnote information for revenue disaggregated by geography in Note 5: Revenues to conform to classifications used in the current year. These reclassifications had no impact on net loss, shareholder's equity or cash flows as previously reported.

We are engaged in the development, manufacturing and sale of innovative medical products used in infusion therapy and critical care applications. We sell the majority of our products through our direct sales force and through independent distributors throughout the U.S. and internationally. We also sell certain products on an original equipment manufacturer basis to other medical device manufacturers. All subsidiaries are wholly owned and are included in the condensed consolidated financial statements. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated.

On January 6, 2022, we acquired Smiths Medical 2020 Limited ("Smiths Medical"), see Note 3: Acquisitions. Our condensed consolidated statement of operations includes the results of operations for Smiths Medical from January 7, 2022 through September 30, 2022. During the third quarter ended September 30, 2022, Smiths Medical changed their reporting period to align with ICU's calendar quarter from their historic 4-4-5 reporting period, this change did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022. Our condensed consolidated statement of operations includes the results of operations for Smiths Medical from June 26, 2022 through September 30, 2022 and January 7, 2022 through September 30, 2022 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, respectively.

Note 2: New Accounting Pronouncements

Recently Issued Accounting Standards

In March 2020, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued ASU No. 2020-04, Reference Rate Reform (Topic 848) - Facilitation of the Effects of Reference Rate Reform on Financial Reporting. The amendments in this update provide optional guidance for a limited period of time to ease the potential burden for reference rate reform on financial reporting. Due to concerns about structural risks of interbank offered rates and, particularly, the risk of cessation of the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR"), regulators around the world have undertaken reference rate reform initiatives to identify alternative reference rates that are more observable or transaction-based and less susceptible to manipulation. The amendments in this update apply only to contracts, hedging relationships, and other transactions that reference LIBOR or another reference rate expected to be discontinued as a result of reference rate reform. Optional expedients may be applied to contracts that are modified as a result of the reference rate reform. Modifications of contracts within the scope of Topic 470, Debt, should be accounted for by prospectively adjusting the effective interest rate. Modifications of contracts within the scope of ASC 842, Leases, should be accounted for as a continuation of the existing contracts with no reassessments of the lease classification and the discount rate (incremental borrowing rate). Exceptions to Topic 815, Derivatives and Hedging, results in not having a dedesignation of a hedging relationship if certain criteria are met. The amendments in this ASU are effective for all entities as of March 12, 2020 through December 31, 2022. In November 2021, we entered into two forward-starting swaps whereby the variable leg of the swap referenced LIBOR. These swaps were amended in early 2022 to transition to an alternative reference rate (see Note 8: Derivatives and Hedging Activities). The amendments in this ASU allow for certain expedients that will allow us to assume that our hedged interest payments are probable of occurring regardless of any expected modification in their terms related to reference rate reform and will allow us to continue hedge accounting for a cash flow hedge for which the hedged interest rate risk changes if the hedge is highly effective under ASC 815, Derivatives and Hedging, or the optional expedient under this ASU is elected. The impact of this ASU on our contracts has not been and is not expected to be material.

Note 3: Acquisitions

2022 Acquisition

On January 6, 2022, we acquired 100.0% of the equity interests in Smiths Medical, the holding company of Smiths Group plc's global medical device business, from Smiths Group International Holdings Limited ("Smiths"). The acquisition of Smiths Medical aligns with our strategic growth plans, enabling us to broaden our product offerings to include syringe and ambulatory infusion devices, vascular access, and vital care products and to strengthen and expand our global market reach.

Total cash consideration for the acquisition was \$1.9 billion, which was financed with existing cash balances and proceeds from the credit agreement entered into on January 6, 2022 (see Note 17: Long-Term Debt). We also issued share consideration to Smiths of 2.5 million shares of our common stock. The fair value of the common shares issued to Smiths was determined based on the opening market price of our common stock on the acquisition date. Smiths may be entitled to an additional \$100.0 million in cash consideration contingent on our common stock achieving certain price targets for certain periods after closing in accordance with the terms of the Share Sale and Purchase Agreement (the "Purchase Agreement"). In the event that (a) on or prior to the third anniversary of closing the 30-day volume-weighted average price for our common stock, as defined in the Purchase Agreement, equals or exceeds \$300.00 per share (each a "Price Target"), and provided Smiths beneficially owns at least 50.0% of the shares of common stock issued at closing at the time the Price Target is achieved, then Smiths will be entitled to receive the additional \$100.0 million in cash consideration. The fair value of the contingent consideration was determined using an option pricing model, specifically the Monte Carlo Simulation. In the analysis, the determinants of payout are simulated in a risk neutral framework over a large number of simulation paths. The fair value of the contingent consideration is then calculated as the average present value across all simulated paths.

Preliminary Purchase Price Allocation

The following table summarizes the estimated purchase price and the preliminary allocation of the purchase price related to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed (in thousands):

Estimated cash consideration for acquired assets	\$ 1,922,955
Preliminary fair value of contingent consideration payable to Smiths	53,520
Issuance of ICU Medical, Inc. common shares:	
Number of shares issued to Smiths	2,500
Price per share (ICU's opening market price on the acquisition date)	\$ 230.39
Fair value of ICU shares issued to Smiths	\$ 575,975
Total estimated consideration to be paid	\$ 2,552,450
The state of the s	
Preliminary Purchase Price Allocation:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 78,791
Accounts receivable	118,522
Inventories	226,196
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	53,554
Property, plant and equipment	210,000
Operating lease right-of-use assets	55,161
Intangible assets ⁽¹⁾	975,000
Deferred income taxes	9,303
Other assets	379
Accounts payable	(105,291)
Accrued liabilities ⁽²⁾	(173,901)
Income tax payable	(24,332)
Other long-term liabilities	(85,739)
Deferred income taxes	 (235,170)
Total identifiable net assets acquired	\$ 1,102,473
Goodwill - not tax deductible	 1,449,977
Estimated Purchase Consideration	\$ 2,552,450

⁽¹⁾ Estimated identifiable intangible assets include \$540.0 million of customer relationships, \$400.0 million of developed technology, \$30.0 million of internally developed software, and \$5.0 million of trademark. The estimated weighted-average amortization period for the total identifiable intangible assets is approximately nine years, and, for each identifiable intangible asset is estimated as follows: eight years for customer relationships, ten years for developed technology, five years for internally developed software, and six months for the trade mark.

The above purchase price and purchase price allocation are preliminary and subject to future revision as the acquired assets and liabilities assumed are dependent upon the finalization of the related valuations.

The identifiable intangible assets and other long-lived assets acquired have been valued as Level 3 assets at fair value. The estimated fair value of identifiable intangible assets were developed using the income approach and are based on critical estimates, judgments and assumptions derived from: analysis of market conditions; discount rate; discounted cash flows; royalty rates; customer retention rates; and/or estimated useful lives. Certain other intangible assets were valued using a cost to replace method, estimating the labor and non-labor costs required to replace the asset under the premise that it was not part of the transaction. Property, plant and equipment was valued with the consideration of remaining economic lives. The raw materials inventory was valued at historical cost and adjusted for any obsolescence which we estimate to approximate replacement cost, the work in process was valued at estimated sales proceeds less costs to complete and costs to sell, and finished goods inventory was valued at estimated sales proceeds less costs to sell. The prepaid expenses and other current assets and assumed liabilities were recorded at their carrying values as of the date of the acquisition, as their carrying values approximated their fair values due to their short-term nature.

⁽²⁾ Estimated accrued liabilities includes, among other things, accrued warranty reserves, accrued restructuring initiatives, accrued salaries and related benefits, deferred revenue and accrued sales and use taxes.

Unaudited Pro Forma Information

Smiths Medical is included in our consolidated results beginning on January 7, 2022. Total revenues and net loss attributable to Smiths Medical for the period from January 7, 2022 to September 30, 2022 were estimated to be \$699.1 million and \$79.0 million, respectively, and for the three months ended September 30, 2022 were estimated to be \$261.4 million and \$13.6 million. The following unaudited pro forma financial information presents the combined results of operations of ICU and Smiths Medical as if the acquisition had occurred on January 1, 2021. The pro forma financial information is presented for informational purposes only and is not indicative of the results of operations that would have been achieved if the acquisition had taken place on the date indicated or of results that may occur in the future.

	ded Sep	otember 30,	Nine months end	Nine months ended September 30,			
(In thousands)	2022		2021	2022		2021	
Revenues	\$ 597,857	\$	641,115	\$ 1,722,357	\$	1,862,237	
Net Loss	\$ (13,208)	\$	(8,874)	\$ (54,840)	\$	22,026	

The unaudited pro forma results presented above include the impact of the following adjustments: incremental amortization expense on intangible assets acquired of \$1.9 million and \$1.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, incremental interest expense, including amortization of debt discount and debt issuance costs, on the Senior Secured Credit Facilities (as defined in Note 17: Long-Term Debt) of \$1.4 million and \$47.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively; and a \$27.4 million expense adjustment related to the increase in fair value of inventory to remove the expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and to add the expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2021. In addition, there was a non-recurring adjustment directly attributable to the business combination for acquisition-related costs of \$11.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2021. The unaudited pro forma results include IFRS to U.S. GAAP adjustments for Smiths Medical historical results and adjustments for accounting policies were adjusted to reflect the accounting policies of the Company in the unaudited pro forma results presented.

2021 Acquisition

During November 2021, we acquired a small foreign infusion systems supplier and paid an initial gross cash payment of approximately \$15.4 million. In addition to the initial cash consideration, total consideration for the acquisition includes an additional holdback of \$0.5 million, to be paid two years from the completion date of the acquisition, and also a potential earn-out payment of up to \$2.5 million, consisting of (i) a cash payment of \$1.0 million contingent on the achievement of certain revenue targets for the annual period ending December 31, 2022 and, separately, (ii) a cash payment of \$1.5 million contingent on certain product-related regulatory certifications obtained by May 26, 2024. As of September 30, 2022, the total consideration which includes the acquisition date fair value of the contingent consideration was \$17.1 million.

Note 4: Restructuring, Strategic Transaction and Integration

Restructuring, strategic transaction and integration expenses were \$14.4 million and \$2.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and \$61.8 million and \$9.0 million for nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Restructuring

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, restructuring charges were \$2.4 million and \$7.3 million, respectively, and were related to severance costs. During the third quarter 2021 we adjusted certain facility restructuring liabilities by \$2.0 million to reflect actual amounts owed which resulted in net restructuring credits of \$(1.9) million and \$(1.8) million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021, respectively.

The following table summarizes the activity in our restructuring-related accrual by major type of cost for the period ended September 30, 2022 (in thousands):

	Severance Pay and Benefits	Retention and Facility Closure Costs	Total
Accrued balance, January 1, 2022	499	\$ 165	\$ 664
Acquired restructuring liabilities	5,796	1,740	7,536
Charges incurred	3,222	_	3,222
Payments	(2,030)	_	(2,030)
Currency translation	(147)	(40)	(187)
Accrued balance, March 31, 2022	7,340	\$ 1,865	\$ 9,205
Charges incurred	1,710		1,710
Payments	(3,352)	(212)	(3,564)
Currency translation	(256)	(94)	(350)
Other adjustments	(38)	_	(38)
Accrued balance, June 30, 2022	5,404	\$ 1,559	\$ 6,963
Charges incurred	2,428	_	2,428
Payments	(2,181)	(19)	(2,200)
Currency translation	(310)	(114)	(424)
Accrued balance, September 30, 2022	5,341	\$ 1,426	\$ 6,767

Strategic Transaction and Integration Expenses

We incurred and expensed \$12.0 million and \$4.3 million in strategic transaction and integration expenses during the three months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and we incurred and expensed \$54.5 million and \$10.8 million in strategic transaction and integration expenses during the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, which are included in restructuring, strategic transaction and integration expenses in our condensed consolidated statements of operations. The strategic transaction and integration expenses during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 were primarily related to transaction and integration expenses associated with our acquisition of Smiths Medical on January 6, 2022 (see Note 3: Acquisitions) which primarily included legal expenses, bank fees and employee costs. The nine months ended September 30, 2022 also included a United Kingdom stamp tax. The strategic transaction and integration expenses for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021 were primarily related to integration costs associated with acquisitions, the Hospira Infusion Systems ("HIS") earn-out dispute with Pfizer and one-time costs incurred to comply with regulatory initiatives and transaction costs related to the Smiths Medical transaction.

Note 5: Revenue

Revenue Recognition

Following our acquisition of Smiths Medical, our primary product lines are Infusion Consumables, Infusion Systems, IV Solutions, Critical Care, Infusion Systems-Smiths Medical, Vascular Access-Smiths Medical and Vital Care-Smiths Medical. The vast majority of our sales of these products are made on a standalone basis to hospitals and distributors. Revenue is typically recognized upon transfer of control of the products, which we deem to be at point of shipment. However, for purposes of revenue recognition for our software licenses and renewals, we consider the control of these products to be transferred to a customer at a certain point in time; therefore, we recognize revenue at the start of the applicable license term.

Payment is typically due in full within 30 days of delivery or the start of the contract term. Revenue is recorded in an amount that reflects the consideration we expect to be entitled to in exchange for those goods or services. We offer certain volume-based rebates to our distribution customers, which we record as variable consideration when calculating the transaction price. Rebates are offered on both a fixed and tiered/variable basis. In both cases, we use information available at the time and our historical experience with each customer to estimate the most likely rebate amount. We also provide chargebacks to distributors that sell to end customers at prices determined under a contract between us and the end customer. Chargebacks are the difference between the prices we charge our distribution customers and the contracted prices we have with the end customer which are processed as credits to our distribution customers. In estimating the expected value of chargeback amounts in order to determine the transaction price, we use information available at the time, including our historical experience.

We also warranty products against defects and have a policy permitting the return of defective products, for which we accrue and expense at the time of sale using information available at that time and our historical experience. We also provide for extended service-type warranties, which we consider to be separate performance obligations. We allocate a portion of the transaction price to the extended service-type warranty based on its estimated relative selling price, and recognize revenue over the period the warranty service is provided. Our revenues are recorded at the net sales price, which includes an estimate for variable consideration related to rebates, chargebacks and product returns.

Revenue disaggregated

The following table represents our revenues disaggregated by product line (in thousands):

		Three mon Septem	 	Nine mon Septem	
Product line		2022	2021	2022	2021
Infusion Consumables	\$	141,073	\$ 144,850	\$ 426,050	\$ 407,419
Infusion Systems		87,846	90,688	262,111	259,683
IV Solutions		96,366	89,237	278,959	271,834
Critical Care		10,877	11,285	35,407	36,847
Infusion Systems-Smiths Medical		96,890	_	240,992	_
Vascular Access-Smiths Medical		95,284	_	251,350	_
Vital Care-Smiths Medical		69,521	_	207,114	_
Total Revenues		597,857	\$ 336,060	\$ 1,701,983	\$ 975,783

Infusion Systems-Smiths Medical, Vascular Access-Smiths Medical and Vital Care-Smiths Medical represent our newly integrated product lines following our acquisition of Smiths Medical on January 6, 2022.

The following table represents our revenues disaggregated by geography (in thousands):

		nths ended Nine months ended nber 30, September 30,					
Geography	2022		2021		2022		2021
United States	\$ 376,691	\$	245,298	\$	1,088,348	\$	697,316
Canada	29,129		19,026		86,473		61,560
LATAM	 23,599		14,875		59,827		44,191
Americas	 429,419		279,199		1,234,648		803,067
Europe, the Middle East and Africa	 101,869		36,239		275,488		108,800
APAC	66,569		20,622		191,847		63,916
Total Revenues	\$ 597,857	\$	336,060	\$	1,701,983	\$	975,783

Contract balances

The following table presents the changes in our contract balances for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousands):

	Contract Liabilities
Beginning balance, January 1, 2022	\$ (7,461)
Fair value of acquired deferred revenue	(51,245)
Equipment revenue recognized	22,757
Equipment revenue deferred due to implementation	(13,420)
Software revenue recognized	12,761
Software revenue deferred due to implementation	(12,978)
Government grant deferred revenue	(3,434)
Government grant recognized	178
Other deferred revenue	(1,285)
Other deferred revenue recognized	 3,488
Ending balance, September 30, 2022	\$ (50,639)
Beginning balance, January 1, 2021	\$ (6,430)
Equipment revenue recognized	7,193
Equipment revenue deferred due to implementation	(8,652)
Software revenue recognized	6,194
Software revenue deferred due to implementation	(2,967)
Ending balance, September 30, 2021	\$ (4,662)

As of September 30, 2022, revenue from remaining performance obligations is as follows:

	Recognition Timing						
(in millions)	< 12 Months	> 12 Months					
Equipment revenue	\$ (17,514)	\$ (621)					
Software revenue	(8,248)	(566)					
Government grant revenue	(1,524)	(13,735)					
Other revenue*	(1,490)	(6,941)					
Total	\$ (28,776)	\$ (21,863)					

^{*}Other deferred revenue includes pump development programs, purchased training and extended warranty.

Note 6: Leases

We determine if an arrangement is a lease at inception. Our operating lease assets are separately stated in operating lease right-of-use ("ROU") assets and our financing lease assets are included in other assets on our condensed consolidated balance sheets. Our lease liabilities are included in accrued liabilities and other long-term liabilities on our condensed consolidated balance sheets. We have elected not to recognize an ROU asset and lease liability for leases with terms of twelve months or less.

Lease ROU assets and lease liabilities are recognized based on the present value of the future minimum lease payments over the lease term at commencement date. Most of our leases do not provide an implicit rate, therefore we use our incremental borrowing rate, which is the rate incurred to borrow on a collateralized basis over a similar term based on the information available at commencement date. Our lease ROU assets exclude lease incentives and initial direct costs incurred. Our lease terms include options to extend when it is reasonably certain that we will exercise that option. All of our leases have stated lease payments, which may include fixed rental increases. Lease expense for minimum lease payments is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Our leases are for corporate, research and development and sales and support offices, distribution facilities, device service centers and certain equipment. Our leases have original lease terms of one year to fifteen years, some of which include options to extend the leases for up to an additional five years. For all of our leases, we do not include optional periods of extension in our current lease terms for the exercise of options to extend is not reasonably certain.

The following table presents the components of our lease cost (in thousands):

	Three months ended September 30,					Nine months ended September 30,				
		2022		2021		2022		2021		
Operating lease cost	\$	5,819	\$	2,798	\$	16,472	\$	8,455		
Finance lease cost — interest		25		29		82		92		
Finance lease cost — reduction of ROU asset		176		166		516		478		
Short-term lease cost		1		4		7		14		
Total lease cost	\$	6,021	\$	2,997	\$	17,077	\$	9,039		

Interest expense on our finance leases is included in other income (expense), net in our condensed consolidated statements of operations. The reduction of the operating and finance ROU assets is included as noncash lease expense in selling, general and administrative expenses in our condensed consolidated statements of operations.

The following table presents the supplemental cash flow information related to our leases (in thousands):

	September 30,				
		2022		2021	
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities:	·				
Operating cash flows from operating leases	\$	18,886	\$	8,461	
Operating cash flows from finance leases	\$	25	\$	29	
Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for lease obligations:					
Operating leases	\$	4,771	\$	1,394	
Finance leases	\$	266	\$	373	

The following table presents the supplemental balance sheet information related to our operating leases (in thousands, except lease term and discount rate):

		As of				
	Septem	ber 30, 2022	December 31, 2021			
Operating leases						
Operating lease right-of-use assets	\$	76,438 \$	39,847			
Accrued liabilities	\$	18,638 \$	9,009			
Other long-term liabilities		62,902	33,971			
Total operating lease liabilities	\$	81,540 \$	42,980			
Weighted-Average Remaining Lease Term						
Operating leases		6.1 years	5.9 years			
Weighted-Average Discount Rate						
Operating leases		4.38 %	4.98 %			

The following table presents the supplemental balance sheet information related to our finance leases (in thousands, except lease term and discount rate):

		As of				
		September 30, 2022		December 31, 2021		
Finance leases						
Finance lease right-of-use assets	\$	2,327	\$	2,673		
Accrued liabilities	\$	700	\$	643		
Other long-term liabilities		1,692		2,067		
Total finance lease liabilities	\$	2,392	\$	2,710		
	_					
Weighted-Average Remaining Lease Term						
Finance leases		4.9 years		5.6 years		
Weighted-Average Discount Rate						
Finance leases		4.26 %		4.28 %		

As of September 30, 2022, the maturities of our operating and finance lease liabilities for each of the next five years are approximately (in thousands):

	0	Operating Leases		
Remainder of 2022	\$	6,129	\$	197
2023		20,915		790
2024		17,157		524
2025		12,233		317
2026		10,980		217
2027		7,638		189
Thereafter		16,600		426
Total Lease Payments		91,652		2,660
Less imputed interest		(10,112)		(268)
Total	\$	81,540	\$	2,392

Note 7: Net Income Per Share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing net income by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing net income by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the period plus dilutive securities. Dilutive securities include outstanding common stock options and unvested restricted stock units, less the number of shares that could have been purchased with the proceeds from the exercise of the options, using the treasury stock method. Options and restricted stock units that are anti-dilutive are not included in the treasury stock method calculation. Due to the net loss for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, any potentially dilutive common shares were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share as they would have had an anti-dilutive effect, therefore basic and diluted net loss per share are equal for the period. There were 12,235 and 12,132 anti-dilutive securities for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021, respectively.

The following table presents the calculation of net earnings per common share ("EPS") — basic and diluted (in thousands, except per share data):

	Three months ended September 30,				Nine mon Septem	ths ended aber 30,		
	2022		2021		2022		2021	
Net (loss) income	\$ (13,208)	\$	31,081	\$	(58,750)	\$	83,210	
Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding (basic)	23,908		21,214		23,828		21,189	
Dilutive securities ⁽¹⁾	_		516		_		546	
Weighted-average common and common equivalent shares outstanding (diluted)	23,908		21,730		23,828		21,735	
EPS — basic	\$ (0.55)	\$	1.47	\$	(2.47)	\$	3.93	
EPS — diluted	\$ (0.55)	\$	1.43	\$	(2.47)	\$	3.83	

⁽¹⁾ No dilutive effect for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022; therefore, zero incremental shares included for the period.

Note 8: Derivatives and Hedging Activities

Hedge Accounting and Hedging Program

The purposes of our cash flow hedging programs are to manage the foreign currency exchange rate risk on forecasted revenues and expenses denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the operating unit, and to manage floating interest rate risk associated with future interest payments on the variable-rate term loans issued in January 2022. We do not issue derivatives for trading or speculative purposes.

To receive hedge accounting treatment, all hedging relationships are formally documented at the inception of the hedge, and the hedges must be highly effective in offsetting changes to future cash flows on hedged transactions. The derivative instruments we utilize, including various foreign exchange contracts and interest rate swaps, are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges. Our derivative instruments are recorded at fair value on the condensed consolidated balance sheets and are classified based on the instrument's maturity date. We record gains or losses from changes in the fair values of the derivative instruments as a component of other comprehensive income (loss) and we reclassify those gains or losses into earnings in the same line item associated with the forecasted transaction and in the same period during which the hedged transaction affects earnings. If the underlying forecasted transaction does not occur, or it becomes probable that it will not occur, we reclassify the gain or loss on the related derivative instrument from accumulated other comprehensive loss into earnings immediately.

Foreign Currency Exchange Rate Risk

Foreign Exchange Forward Contracts

We enter into foreign exchange forward contracts to hedge a portion of our forecasted foreign currency-denominated revenues and expenses to minimize the effect of foreign exchange rate movements on the related cash flows. These contracts are agreements to buy or sell a quantity of a currency at a predetermined future date and at a predetermined exchange rate. Our foreign exchange forward contracts hedge exposures principally denominated in Mexican Pesos ("MXN"), Euros, Czech Koruna ("CZK"), Japanese Yen ("JPY"), U.S. Dollar ("USD"), Chinese Renminbi ("CNH"), Canadian Dollar ("CAD") and Australian Dollar ("AUD") and have varying maturities with an average term of approximately twelve months. The total notional amount of these outstanding derivative contracts as of September 30, 2022 was \$145.2 million, which included the notional equivalent of \$31.5 million in MXN, \$27.9 million in Euros, \$10.9 million in CZK, \$12.2 million in JPY, \$15.0 million in CNH, \$26.2 million in USD, \$11.7 million in CAD, \$6.8 million in AUD and \$3.1 million in other foreign currencies, with terms currently through July 2023. We did not have such derivative contracts as of December 31, 2021.

Cross-currency Par Forward Contracts

We enter into cross-currency par forward contracts to hedge a portion of our Mexico forecasted expenses denominated in MXN. These contracts are agreements to exchange cash flows from one currency to another at specified intervals over the contract term with all exchanges occurring at the same predetermined rate. In November 2021, we entered into a one-year cross-currency par forward contract with a term from December 1, 2021 to December 1, 2022. The total notional amount of this outstanding derivative as of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021 was approximately 103.8 million MXN and 413.1 million MXN, respectively. The derivative instrument matures in equal monthly amounts at a fixed forward rate of 21.60 MXN/USD. Preceding this contract we had a one-year cross-currency par forward contract with a term from November 3, 2020 to December 1, 2021 that matured in equal monthly amounts at a fixed forward rate of 24.26 MXN/USD.

Floating Interest Rate Risk

In November 2021, in anticipation of entering into the new senior secured credit facilities in January 2022, which includes a variable-rate term loan A and a variable-rate term loan B (see Note 17: Long-Term Debt), we entered into two forward-starting interest rate swaps. In February 2022, certain terms under the agreements were amended to reflect the transition from LIBOR to the Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR"), an alternative reference rate. Under the interest rate swap agreements we exchange, at specified intervals, the difference between fixed and floating interest amounts calculated by reference to an agreed-upon notional amount. Effective March 30, 2022, the term loan A swap, as amended, has an initial notional amount of \$300.0 million, reducing to \$150.0 million evenly on a quarterly basis excluding its final maturity on March 30, 2027. We will pay a fixed rate of 1.32% and will receive the greater of 3-month USD SOFR or (0.15)%. Effective March 30, 2022, the term loan B swap, as amended, has an initial notional amount of \$750.0 million, reducing to \$46.9 million evenly on a quarterly basis excluding its final maturity on March 30, 2026. We will pay a fixed rate of 1.17% and will receive the greater of 3-month USD SOFR or 0.35%. These swaps effectively convert the relevant portion of the floating-rate term loans to fixed rates.

The following table presents the fair values of our derivative instruments included within the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (in thousands):

Derivatives Designated as Cash Flow Hedging

	Instru				
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet Location	Foreign Exchange Contracts	Gross Derivatives			
As of September 30, 2022					
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	\$ 11,695	\$	24,924	\$	36,619
Other assets	 _		33,386		33,386
Total assets	\$ 11,695	\$	58,310	\$	70,005
	 	_		_	
Accrued liabilities	\$ 1,752	\$	_	\$	1,752
Other long-term liabilities	_		_		_
Total liabilities	\$ 1,752	\$		\$	1,752
	 	_		_	
As of December 31, 2021					
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	\$ 1,061	\$	_	\$	1,061
Other assets	_		_		_
Total assets	\$ 1,061	\$		\$	1,061
Accrued liabilities	\$ _	\$	_	\$	_
Other long-term liabilities	 _		1,480		1,480
Total liabilities	\$ 	\$	1,480	\$	1,480

We recognized the following gains on our derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedges (in thousands):

	Gain (Loss) Recognized in Other Comprehensive Income							
	 Three months ended September 30,				Nine mon Septen			
	 2022		2021		2022		2021	
Derivatives designated as cash flow hedging instruments:								
Foreign exchange contracts	\$ 3,383	\$	(109)	\$	11,720	\$	(70)	
Interest rate swaps	21,201		_		60,398		_	
Total derivatives designated as cash flow hedging instruments	\$ 24,584	\$	(109)	\$	72,118	\$	(70)	

The following table presents the effects of our derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedges on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (in thousands):

	Gain (Loss) Reclassified From Accumulated Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income into Income									
		Three mor Septem	nths ended aber 30,		nths ended nber 30,					
	Location of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Income	2022	2021	2022	2021					
Derivatives designated as cash flow hedging instruments:										
Foreign exchange contracts	Total revenues	\$ (1,690)	\$ —	\$ 2,666	\$					
Foreign exchange contracts	Cost of goods sold	3,090	968	4,140						
Foreign exchange contracts	Interest expense ⁽¹⁾	462	_	717						
Interest rate swaps	Interest expense	2,133	_	608						
Total derivatives designated as cash flow hedging instruments	-	\$ 3,995	\$ 968	\$ 8,131	\$					

⁽¹⁾ Represents location of gain reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income into income as a result of a forecasted transaction being no longer probable of occurring.

As of September 30, 2022, we expect an estimated \$9.9 million in deferred gains on the outstanding foreign exchange contracts and an estimated \$25.6 million in deferred gains on the interest rate swaps will be reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss to net income during the next 12 months concurrent with the underlying hedged transactions also being reported in net income.

Note 9: Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is the price that would be received from selling an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. There are three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

- Level 1: quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2: inputs other than Level 1 that are observable, either directly or indirectly, such as quoted prices in active markets for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities; or
- · Level 3: unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair values of the assets or liabilities.

Contingent Earn-out Liabilities

On January 6, 2022, we acquired Smiths Medical with a combination of cash consideration and share consideration issued at closing. Total consideration for the acquisition includes a potential earn-out payment of \$100.0 million in cash contingent on our common stock achieving certain Price Targets from the closing date to either the third or fourth anniversary of closing (see Note 3: Acquisitions for additional information) and provided Smiths beneficially owns at least 50.0% of the shares of common stock issued at closing at the time the Price Target is achieved. The initial estimated fair value of the earn-out was determined using a Monte Carlo simulation model. The model utilized several assumptions including volatility and the risk-free interest rate. The assumed volatility is based on the average of the historical volatility of our common stock price and the implied volatility of certain at-the-money traded options. The risk-free interest rate is equal to the yield on U.S. Treasury securities at constant maturity for the period commensurate with the term of the earn-out. At each reporting date subsequent to the acquisition, we will remeasure the earn-out liability and recognize any changes in its fair value in our consolidated statements of operations. If the probability of achieving the Price Targets during their respective measurement periods is significantly greater than initially anticipated, the realization of an additional liability and related expense will have a significant impact on our consolidated financial statements in the period recognized. As of September 30, 2022, the estimated fair value of the contingent earn-out is \$21.8 million.

During November 2021, we acquired a small foreign infusion systems supplier. Total consideration for the acquisition includes a potential earn-out payment of up to \$2.5 million, consisting of (i) a cash payment of \$1.0 million contingent on the achievement of certain revenue targets for the annual period ending December 31, 2022 and, separately, (ii) a cash payment of \$1.5 million contingent on certain product-related regulatory certifications obtained by May 26, 2024. As of September 30, 2022, the estimated fair value of the total contingent earn-out is \$1.8 million.

During August 2021, we entered into an agreement with one of our international distributors whereby that distributor would not compete with us in a specific territory for a three-year period that will end in September 2024. The terms of the agreement include a contingent earn-out payment. The contingent earn-out payment shall not exceed \$6.0 million, which will be earned based on certain revenue targets over a twelve-month measurement period determined by the highest four consecutive quarters commencing over a two-year period starting on the closing date of the agreement and provided that the distributor is in compliance with its obligations under the agreement. As of both September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the estimated fair value of the contingent earn-out is \$2.6 million. The estimated fair value of the contingent earn-out is calculated using a probability-weighted cash flow model based on historical revenue streams and the likelihood that the revenue targets will be met.

During the fourth quarter of 2019, we recognized an earn-out liability related to the acquisition of Pursuit Vascular, Inc. ("Pursuit"). Pursuit's former equity holders were entitled to up to \$50.0 million in additional cash consideration contingent upon the achievement of certain sales and gross profit targets for specific customers. The earn-out was calculated as a percentage of gross profit achieved during the earn-out period against a pre-determined target gross profit, not to exceed \$50.0 million. During the earn-out period, we used a Monte Carlo simulation model to determine the fair value of the earn-out liability. The Monte Carlo simulation model utilized multiple input variables to determine the value of the earn-out liability including historical volatility, a risk-free interest rate, counter party credit risk and projected future gross profit (see the simulation input table below related to Pursuit). The historical volatility was based on the median of ICU and a certain peer group. The risk-free interest rate was equal to the yield, as of the valuation date, of the zero-coupon U.S. Treasury bill that was commensurate with the term of the earn-out. The counter party credit risk was based on a synthetic credit rating of B1. As of June 30, 2021, the earn-out measurement period ended. Based on the actual sales and gross profit achieved during the measurement period, we calculated the actual earn-out amount to be \$26.3 million. The \$26.3 million earn-out calculation was finalized and accepted by Pursuit's former equity holders and was paid out in the fourth quarter of 2021.

Our contingent earn-out liabilities are separately stated on our condensed consolidated balance sheets.

The following tables provide a reconciliation of the Level 3 earn-out liabilities measured at estimated fair value (in thousands):

	Earr	1-out Liability
Accrued balance, January 1, 2022	\$	2,589
Acquisition date fair value estimate of earn-out ⁽¹⁾		55,158
Currency translation		(46)
Accrued balance, March 31, 2022	\$	57,701
Change in fair value of earn-out (included in income from operations as a separate line item) ⁽²⁾		(27,194)
Currency translation		(98)
Accrued balance, June 30, 2022	\$	30,409
Change in fair value of earn-out (included in income from operations as a separate line item)(2)		(4,059)
Currency translation		(108)
Accrued balance, September 30, 2022	\$	26,242

^{(1) \$53.5} million relates to our acquisition of Smiths Medical and \$1.6 million relates to our acquisition of a small foreign infusions systems supplier in the fourth quarter of 2021 (see Note 3: Acquisitions).

⁽²⁾ Primarily relates to the change in fair value of the Smiths Medical earn-out.

	F	Earn-out Liability
Accrued balance, January 1, 2021	\$	26,300
Change in fair value of earn-out (included in income from operations as a separate line item)		
Accrued balance, March 31, 2021	\$	26,300
Change in fair value of earn-out (included in income from operations as a separate line item)		_
Accrued balance, June 30, 2021	\$	26,300
Contingent earn-out — non-compete arrangement		3,100
Transfer of Pursuit earn-out liability into Level 2		(26,300)
Accrued balance, September 30, 2021	\$	3,100

The following tables provide quantitative information about Level 3 inputs for fair value measurement of our earn-out liabilities related to Smiths Medical and Pursuit:

Smiths Medical Earn-out

Simulation Input	As of September 30, 2022	At Acquisition January 6, 2022
Volatility	42.00 %	37.00 %
Risk-Free Rate	4.18 %	1.31 %

Pursuit Earn-out

Simulation Input	As of June 30, 2021
Revenue/Gross Profit Volatility	25.00 %
Discount Rate	12.50 %
Risk-Free Rate	0.09 %
Counter Party Risk	3.10 %

Investments, Foreign Exchange Contracts and Interest Rate Contracts

Our investments consist of corporate bonds and U.S treasury securities. The fair value of our corporate bonds is estimated using observable market-based inputs such as quoted prices, interest rates and yield curves or Level 2 inputs. The fair value of our U.S. treasury securities are based on quoted market prices in active markets and are included in the Level 1 fair value hierarchy.

The fair value of our Level 2 foreign exchange contracts, including forward contracts and cross-currency par forward contracts, is estimated using observable market inputs such as known notional value amounts, spot and forward exchange rates. These inputs relate to liquid, heavily traded currencies with active markets which are available for the full term of the derivative.

The fair value of our Level 2 interest rate swaps is estimated using a pricing model that reflects the terms of the contracts, including the period to maturity, and relies on observable market inputs such as known notional value amounts and USD interest rate curves.

Our assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis consisted of the following Level 1, 2 and 3 inputs as defined above (in thousands):

	Fair value measurements as of September 30, 2022																																									
		in active markets for Total carrying identical		markets for		in active markets for identical		in active markets for identical		in active markets for identical		in active markets for identical		in active markets for identical		in active markets for identical		in active markets for identical		in active markets for identical		in active markets for identical		in active markets for identical		in active markets for identical		in active markets for identical		in active markets for identical		in active markets for identical		in active markets for identical		in active markets for identical		in active markets for identical		Significant other observable inputs (level 2)		Significant unobservable inputs (level 3)
Assets:																																										
Available-for-sale debt securities:																																										
Short-term corporate bonds	\$	1,511	\$	_	\$	1,511	\$	_																																		
Short-term U.S. treasury securities		1,408		1,408		_		_																																		
Long-term corporate bonds		1,333		_		1,333		_																																		
Long-term government bonds		498		_		498		_																																		
Foreign exchange contracts:																																										
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		11,695		_		11,695		_																																		
Other assets		_		_		_		_																																		
Interest rate contracts:																																										
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		24,924		_		24,924		_																																		
Other assets		33,386		_		33,386		_																																		
Total Assets	\$	74,755	\$	1,408	\$	73,347	\$																																			
	-	· ·	_	· ·	_	· ·	_																																			
Liabilities:																																										
Contingent earn-out liability - ST	\$	300	\$	_	\$	_	\$	300																																		
Contingent earn-out liability - LT	•	25,942		_		_		25,942																																		
Foreign exchange contracts:		- 7-						- 7																																		
Accrued liabilities		1,752		_		1,752		_																																		
Total Liabilities	\$	27,994	\$		\$	1,752	\$	26,242																																		
	_		_		_		_	•																																		

	Fair value measurements as of December 31, 2021							
		in activ markets Total carrying identica		Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (level 1)	Significant other observable inputs (level 2)			Significant unobservable inputs (level 3)
Assets:	_							
Available-for-sale debt securities:								
Short-term corporate bonds	\$	14,420	\$	_	\$	14,420	\$	_
Long-term corporate bonds		4,620		_		4,620		_
Cross-currency par forward contract:								
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		1,061		_		1,061		_
Total Assets	\$	20,101	\$	_	\$	20,101	\$	_
Liabilities:								
Contingent earn-out liability - LT	\$	2,589	\$	<u> </u>	\$	_	\$	2,589
Forward-starting interest rate swaps:		,						Í
Other long-term liabilities		1,480		_		1,480		_
Total Liabilities	\$	4,069	\$	_	\$	1,480	\$	2,589

Note 10: Investment Securities

Investments in Available-for-sale Securities

Our available-for-sale investment securities currently consist of short-term and long-term corporate bonds, short-term U.S. treasury securities and long-term government bonds and are considered "investment grade" and are carried at fair value. We assess our investment in available-for-sale debt securities for impairment each reporting period. If an unrealized loss exists, we determine whether any portion of the decline in fair value below the amortized cost basis is credit-related by reviewing several factors, including, but not limited to, the extent of the fair value decline and changes in the financial condition of the issuer. We record an impairment for credit-related losses through an allowance, limited to the amount of the unrealized loss. If we either intend to sell or it is more likely than not we will be required to sell the debt security before its anticipated recovery, any allowance is written off and the amortized cost basis is written down to fair value through a charge against net earnings. Unrealized gains and non-credit-related unrealized losses are recorded, net of tax, in other comprehensive income (loss). We did not have any investments in available-for-sale debt securities in unrealized loss positions as of September 30, 2022 or December 31, 2021.

The amortized cost of the debt securities are adjusted for the amortization of premiums computed under the effective interest method. Such amortization is included in other income, net in our condensed consolidated statements of operations. Realized gains and losses are accounted for on the specific identification method. There have been no realized gains or losses on the disposal of these investments. The scheduled maturities of the debt securities are between 2022 and 2024. All short-term investment securities are callable within one year.

Our short-term and long-term investments in available-for-sale securities consist of the following (in thousands):

	As of September 30, 2022					
	Amortized Cost	Unrealized Holding Gains (Losses)	Fair Value			
Short-term corporate bonds	\$ 1,511	\$ —	\$ 1,511			
Short-term U.S. treasury securities	1,408	<u> </u>	1,408			
Long-term corporate bonds	1,333	<u>—</u>	1,333			
Long-term government bonds	498	<u> </u>	498			
Total investment securities	\$ 4,750	\$	\$ 4,750			

	As of December 31, 2021					
	Unrealized Hold Amortized Cost Gains (Losses)					Fair Value
Short-term corporate bonds	\$	14,420	\$	_	\$	14,420
Long-term corporate bonds		4,620		_		4,620
Total investment securities	\$	19,040	\$	_	\$	19,040

Investments in Non-Marketable Equity Securities

During the third quarter of 2021, we acquired approximately a 20.0% non-marketable equity interest in a nonpublic company and entered into a three-year distribution agreement where we have the exclusive rights to market, sell and distribute the company's products in exchange for a cash payment of \$3.3 million. In addition, we were granted an exclusive license for all of the seller's intellectual property. At the expiration of the distribution agreement we have the right but not the obligation to acquire the remaining interest in the business.

We apply the equity method of accounting for investments when we determine we have a significant influence, but not a controlling interest in the investee. We determine whether we have significant influence by considering key factors such as ownership interest, representation on the board of directors, participation in policy making decisions, business relationship and material intra-entity transactions, among other factors. Our equity method investment is reported at cost and adjusted each period for our share of the investee's income or (loss) and dividend paid, if any. We eliminate any intra-entity profits to the

extent of our beneficial interest. We record our share of the investee's income or (loss) on a one quarter lag. We report our proportionate share of the investee's income or (loss) resulting from this investment in other income, net in our condensed consolidated statements of operations. The carrying value of our equity method investment is reported in other assets on our condensed consolidated balance sheets (see Note 11: Prepaid Expenses and Other Current Assets and Other Assets). We assess our equity method investments for impairment on an annual basis or whenever events or circumstances indicate that the carrying value of the investment may not be recoverable. Our recorded share of the investee's loss was not material for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022. We did not receive any dividend distributions from this investment during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022.

Our non-marketable equity method investment consists of the following (in thousands):

		A	s of	
	_	September 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	
ent	\$	3,188	\$ 3,238	

Investments in non-marketable debt securities

During the second quarter 2022, we received \$19.0 million in proceeds from a promissory note related to an acquired investment as part of the Smiths Medical acquisition.

Note 11: Prepaid Expenses and Other Current Assets and Other Assets

Prepaid expenses and other current assets consist of the following (in thousands):

	As of			
		September 30, 2022		December 31, 2021
Other prepaid expenses and receivables	\$	22,738	\$	14,763
Prepaid vendor expenses		2,641		_
Deferred costs		3,775		12,746
Prepaid insurance and property taxes		14,019		6,310
VAT/GST receivable		2,946		4,156
Deferred tax charge		4,452		4,241
Foreign exchange contracts		11,695		1,061
Interest rate contracts		24,924		_
Interest receivable		2,426		293
Deposits		1,312		1,343
Other		3,355		1,934
	\$	94,283	\$	46,847

Other assets consist of the following (in thousands):

	As of			
		September 30, 2022		December 31, 2021
Pump lease receivables	\$	27,024	\$	25,941
Spare parts		36,937		28,538
Equity method investments		3,188		3,238
Deferred debt issuance costs		5,586		2,827
Finance lease right-of-use assets		2,327		2,673
Interest rate contracts		33,386		_
Other		2,156		526
	\$	110,604	\$	63,743

Note 12: Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value with cost determined using the first-in, first-out method. Inventory costs include material, labor and overhead related to the manufacturing of our products.

Inventories consist of the following (in thousands):

	As	of	
	 September 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	
Raw materials	\$ 264,518	\$	135,528
Work in process	71,367		36,490
Finished goods	289,383		118,217
Total inventories	\$ 625,268	\$	290,235

During 2022, inventories increased significantly due to the acquisition of Smiths Medical. All acquired inventory was recorded at fair value on January 6, 2022 in accordance with ASC 805, *Business Combinations* (see Note 3: Acquisitions).

Note 13: Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment consists of the following (in thousands):

	 As	of	
	September 30, 2022		December 31, 2021
Machinery and equipment	\$ 409,349	\$	321,078
Land, building and building improvements	272,426		243,377
Molds	75,874		60,463
Computer equipment and software	114,378		102,979
Furniture and fixtures	29,110		7,670
Instruments placed with customers ⁽¹⁾	106,245		97,384
Construction in progress	147,099		72,153
Total property, plant and equipment, cost	1,154,481		905,104
Accumulated depreciation	(498,098)		(436,739)
Property, plant and equipment, net	\$ 656,383	\$	468,365

⁽¹⁾ Instruments placed with customers consist of drug-delivery and monitoring systems placed with customers under operating leases.

Depreciation expense was \$23.0 million and \$69.4 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, respectively. Depreciation expense was \$16.4 million and \$49.1 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021, respectively.

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, property, plant and equipment and related depreciation expense increased significantly due to the acquisition of Smiths Medical (see Note 3: Acquisitions).

Note 14: Goodwill and Intangible Assets, Net

Goodwill

The following table presents the changes in the carrying amount of our goodwill (in thousands):

	 Total
Balance as of January 1, 2022	\$ 43,439
Goodwill acquired (1)	1,449,977
Other (2)	(7,128)
Currency translation	 (116,571)
Balance as of September 30, 2022	\$ 1,369,717

⁽¹⁾ Relates to Smiths Medical acquired on January 6, 2022.

Intangible Assets, Net

Intangible assets, carried at cost less accumulated amortization and amortized on a straight-lined basis, were as follows (in thousands):

⁽²⁾ Other reflects measurement period adjustments related to a 2021 acquisition of a small foreign infusion systems supplier.

	Weighted-Average		September 30, 2022							
	Amortization Life in Years		Cost		Accumulated Amortization		Net			
Patents	10	\$	29,301	\$	18,135	\$	11,166			
Customer contracts	12		9,909		6,339		3,570			
Non-contractual customer relationships	8		560,691		85,081		475,610			
Trademarks	1		5,425		5,425		_			
Trade name	15		18,244		5,643		12,601			
Developed technology	10		576,687		93,490		483,197			
Non-compete	3		9,100		4,631		4,469			
Total amortized intangible assets		\$	1,209,357	\$	218,744	\$	990,613			
Internally developed software*		\$	30,045			\$	30,045			
Total intangible assets		\$	1,239,402	\$	218,744	\$	1,020,658			

^{*} Internally developed software will be amortized when the projects are complete and the assets are ready for their intended use.

	Weighted-Average		D	ecember 31, 2021	
	Amortization Life in Years	Cost		Accumulated Amortization	Net
Patents	10	\$ 27,429	\$	16,764	\$ 10,665
Customer contracts	12	10,412		6,196	4,216
Non-contractual customer relationships	9	57,316		33,004	24,312
Trademarks	4	425		425	_
Trade name	15	18,260		4,731	13,529
Developed technology	13	152,893		49,406	103,487
Non-compete	3	9,100		2,356	6,744
Total amortized intangible assets		\$ 275,835	\$	112,882	\$ 162,953
Internally developed software*		\$ 25,358			\$ 25,358
Total intangible assets		\$ 301,193	\$	112,882	\$ 188,311

^{*} Internally developed software will be amortized when the projects are complete and the assets are ready for their intended use.

Intangible assets with definite lives are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. During the three months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, intangible asset amortization expense was \$35.6 million and \$5.8 million, respectively. During the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, intangible asset amortization expense was \$108.9 million and \$17.4 million, respectively.

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, intangible assets and related amortization expense increased significantly due to the acquisition of Smiths Medical (see Note 3: Acquisitions).

As of September 30, 2022 estimated annual amortization for our intangible assets for each of the next five years is approximately (in thousands):

Remainder of 2022	\$ 33,624
2023	132,368
2024	131,729
2025	123,901
2026	123,502
2027	115,491
Thereafter	329,998
Total	\$ 990,613

Note 15: Accrued Liabilities and Other Long-Term Liabilities

Accrued liabilities consist of the following (in thousands):

		As	of	
	5	September 30, 2022	Ι	December 31, 2021
Salaries and benefits	\$	49,409	\$	27,304
Incentive compensation		24,388		33,107
Operating lease liability-ST		18,638		9,009
Accrued sales taxes		6,507		1,980
Restructuring accrual		6,767		664
Deferred revenue		31,183		12,646
Accrued other taxes		4,415		4,337
Accrued professional fees		8,694		773
Legal accrual		4,240		3,897
Distribution fees		25,326		5,645
Warranties and returns		3,059		532
Field service corrective action ⁽¹⁾		24,857		_
Accrued freight		14,234		9,194
Foreign exchange contracts		1,752		_
Accrued audit fees		6,095		1,008
Defined benefit plan		2,527		_
Accrued interest		2,788		_
Other		9,424		8,099
	\$	244,303	\$	118,195

⁽¹⁾ Relates to field corrective actions associated with certain products in connection with a 2021 Warning Letter received by Smiths Medical from the FDA following an inspection of Smiths Medical's Oakdale, Minnesota Facility, see Note 19: Commitments and Contingencies for further detail.

Other long-term liabilities consist of the following (in thousands):

		As	s of	
	Se	ptember 30, 2022		December 31, 2021
Operating lease liability-LT	\$	62,902	\$	33,971
Benefits		5,958		1,369
Accrued rent		1,030		1,262
Forward-starting interest rate swaps		_		1,480
Finance lease liability-LT		1,692		2,067
Deferred revenue		21,976		_
Field service corrective action ⁽¹⁾		22,620		_
Other		3,073		1,681
	\$	119,251	\$	41,830

⁽¹⁾ Relates to field corrective actions associated with certain products in connection with a 2021 Warning Letter received by Smiths Medical from the FDA following an inspection of Smiths Medical's Oakdale, Minnesota Facility, see Note 19: Commitments and Contingencies for further detail.

Note 16: Income Taxes

Income taxes were accrued at an estimated effective tax rate of 38% and 37% for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, respectively, as compared to 18% and 17% for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021, respectively.

The effective tax rate for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 differs from the federal statutory rate of 21% principally because of the effect of the mix of U.S. and foreign incomes, state income taxes, section 162(m) excess compensation, foreign-derived intangible income ("FDII") and tax credits and the following discrete items recognized during the interim period:

- Excess tax benefits recognized on stock option exercises and the vesting of restricted stock units during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 of \$1.5 million and \$4.1 million, respectively.
- The revaluation of the contingent consideration during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 of \$4.1 million and \$31.3 million, respectively, resulted in a tax expense of \$0.0 million and \$0.0 million, respectively.

The effective tax rate for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021 differs from the federal statutory rate of 21% principally because of the effect of the mix of U.S. and foreign incomes, state income taxes, global intangible low taxed income ("GILTI"), FDII and tax credits. The effective tax rate during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021 included a discrete tax benefit of \$1.1 million and \$3.3 million, respectively, related to excess tax benefits recognized on stock option exercises and the vesting of restricted stock units during the period. Additionally, U.S. federal return-to-provision adjustments for the year ended December 31, 2020 primarily due to changes in estimates for GILTI, FDII, subpart F income, and related foreign tax credits along with other prior period adjustments resulted in a tax provision of \$1.1 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021.

Note 17: Long-Term Debt

2022 Credit Agreement

On January 6, 2022, in connection with the acquisition of Smiths Medical, we entered into a Credit Agreement (the "Credit Agreement") with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, Barclays Bank PLC and certain other financial institutions (the "Lenders") for \$2.2 billion of senior secured credit facilities. The senior secured credit facilities include (i) a five-year Tranche A term loan of \$850.0 million (the "Term Loan A"), (ii) a seven-year Tranche B term loan of \$850.0 million (the "Term Loan B") and (iii) a five-year revolving credit facility of \$500.0 million (the "Revolving Credit Facility"), with separate sub-limits of \$50.0 million for letters of credit and swingline loans (collectively, the "Senior Secured Credit Facilities"). We used the proceeds from borrowings under the Term Loan A and the Term Loan B (collectively,

the "Term Loans") to fund a portion of the cash consideration for the purchase of Smiths Medical and the related fees and expenses incurred in connection with the acquisition. We did not incur borrowings under the Revolving Credit Facility on the closing date of the acquisition. The proceeds from any future borrowings under the Revolving Credit Facility may be used for working capital and other general corporate purposes.

In connection with entering into the Credit Agreement, during the period ended March 31, 2022, we incurred \$37.8 million in debt discount and issuance costs, which were allocated to the Term Loan A, the Term Loan B and the Revolving Credit Facility based on lender commitment amounts relative to each type of fees paid. The lender and third-party discount and issuance costs allocated to the Term Loan A and the Term Loan B were \$15.8 million and \$13.4 million, respectively, and are reflected as a direct deduction from the face amount of the corresponding term loans on the condensed consolidated balance sheet. These costs are being amortized to interest expense over the respective terms of the loans using the effective interest method. The issuance costs allocated to the Revolving Credit Facility were \$8.7 million, which are capitalized and included in prepaid expenses and other current assets and other assets on our condensed consolidated balance sheets. These costs are being amortized to interest expense over the term of the Revolving Credit Facility using the straight-line method.

The net funds received from the Term Loan A and the Term Loan B, after deducting debt issuance costs, were \$834.2 million and \$836.6 million, respectively.

Maturity Dates

The maturity date for the Term Loan A and the Revolving Credit Facility is January 6, 2027, and the maturity date for the Term Loan B is January 6, 2029. Pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Credit Agreement, the maturity dates of the Term Loans and the Revolving Credit Facility may be extended upon our request, subject to the consent of the Lenders.

Interest Rate Terms

In general, the Term Loans and borrowings under the Revolving Credit Facility denominated in U.S. dollars bear interest, at our option, on either: (1) the Base Rate, as defined below, plus the applicable margin, as indicated below ("Base Rate Loans") or (2) the Adjusted Term Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("Adjusted Term SOFR"), as defined below, plus the applicable margin, as indicated below ("Term SOFR Loans").

The Base Rate is defined as the highest of (a) the Prime Rate, (b) the Federal Funds Rate plus 0.50% and (c) Adjusted Term SOFR (as defined below) for a one-month period plus, in each case, 1.00%.

Adjusted Term SOFR is the rate per annum equal to (a) the Term SOFR plus (b) the Term SOFR Adjustment. Term SOFR is the forward-looking term rate based on SOFR and is calculated separately for Term SOFR Loans and Base Rate Loans, as specified in the Credit Agreement. The Term SOFR Adjustment is a percentage per annum of 0.10% for Base Rate Loans and between 0.10% to 0.25% for Term SOFR Loans based on the applicable interest period.

Revolving Credit Facility Commitment Fee

The Revolving Credit Facility has a per annum commitment fee at an initial rate of 0.25% which is applied to the available amount of the Revolving Credit Facility. Effective on the first Adjustment Date, as defined in the Credit Agreement, occurring subsequent to our quarter ending June 30, 2022, the commitment fee will be determined by reference to the leverage ratio in effect from time to time as set forth in the table below.

Applicable Interest Margins

The Term Loan A and borrowings under the Revolving Credit Facility have an initial applicable margin of 0.75% per annum for Base Rate Loans and 1.75% per annum for Term SOFR Loans.

Effective on the first Adjustment Date, as defined in the Credit Agreement, occurring subsequent to our quarter ending June 30, 2022, the applicable margin for the Term Loan A and borrowings under the Revolving Credit Facility will be determined by reference to the leverage ratio in effect from time to time as set forth in the following table:

Leverage Ratio	Applicable Margin for Term SOFR Loans	Applicable Margin for Base Rate Loans	Commitment Fee R
Greater than 4.00 to 1.0	2.25%	1.25%	0.35%
Less than or equal to 4.00 to 1.0 but greater than 3.00 to 1.0	2.00%	1.00%	0.30%
Less than or equal to 3.00 to 1.0 but greater than 2.50 to 1.0	1.75%	0.75%	0.25%
Less than or equal to 2.50 to 1.0 but greater than 2.00 to 1.0	1.50%	0.50%	0.20%
Less than or equal to 2.00 to 1.0	1.25%	0.25%	0.15%

The Term Loan B has an initial applicable margin of 1.5% per annum for Base Rate Loans and 2.5% per annum for Term SOFR Loans.

Effective on the first Adjustment Date, as defined in the Credit Agreement, occurring subsequent to our quarter ending June 30, 2022, the applicable margin for the Term Loan B will be determined by reference to the leverage ratio in effect from time to time as set forth in the following table:

Leverage Ratio	Applicable Margin for Term SOFR Loans	Applicable Margin for Base Rate Loans
Greater than 2.75 to 1.0	2.50%	1.50%
Less than 2.75 to 1.0	2.25%	1.25%

Principal Payments

Principal payments on the Term Loans are due on the last day of each calendar quarter commencing on June 30, 2022.

The Term Loan A will amortize in nineteen consecutive quarterly installments in an amount equal to 2.50% of the original principal amount in each of the first two years, 5.00% in each of the third and fourth years and 7.50% in the fifth year, with a final payment of the remaining outstanding principal balance due on the maturity date.

The Term Loan B matures in twenty-seven consecutive quarterly installments in an amount equal to 0.25% of the original principal amount, with a final payment of the remaining outstanding principal balance due on the maturity date.

We may borrow, prepay and re-borrow amounts under the Revolving Credit Facility, in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Credit Agreement, with all outstanding amounts due at maturity.

During March 2022, we prepaid \$16.0 million in principal payments on the Term Loan A principal balance. For the nine months ended September 30, 2022, we paid total of \$20.3 million in principal payments on both Term Loans.

Interest Payments

Interest payments on Base Rate Loans are payable quarterly in arrears on the last business day of each calendar quarter and the applicable maturity date. Interest periods on Term SOFR Loans will be determined, at our option, as either one, three or six months and will be payable on the last day of each interest period and the applicable maturity date. In the case of any interest periods of more than three months' duration, the interest payment will be payable on each day prior to the last day of such interest period that occurs at three-month intervals.

The commitment fee on the Revolving Credit Facility is payable quarterly in arrears on the third business day following the last day of each calendar quarter and at the maturity date. The commitment fee is included in interest expense in our condensed consolidated statements of operations.

Guarantors and Collateral

Our obligations under the Credit Agreement are unconditionally guaranteed, on a joint and several basis, by ICU Medical, Inc. and certain of our existing subsidiaries.

Debt Covenants

The Credit Agreement contains affirmative and negative covenants, including certain financial covenants. The negative covenants include restrictions regarding the incurrence of liens and indebtedness, certain merger and acquisition transactions, asset sales and other dispositions, other investments, dividends, share purchases and payments affecting subsidiaries, changes in nature of business, fiscal year or organizational documents, prepayments and redemptions of subordinated and other junior debt, transactions with affiliates, and other matters.

The financial covenants include the Senior Secured Leverage Ratio and the Interest Coverage Ratio, both defined below, and pertain to the Term Loan A and the Revolving Credit Facility.

The Senior Secured Leverage Ratio is defined, at any measurement date, as the ratio of: (a) all Funded Debt, as defined in the Credit Agreement, that is secured by a lien on any asset or property minus the lesser of (i) all unrestricted cash and cash equivalents and (ii) \$500.0 million, to (b) Consolidated EBITDA, as defined in the Credit Agreement, for the most recently completed four fiscal quarters, calculated on a pro forma basis. The maximum Senior Secured Leverage Ratio is 4.50 to 1.00 until June 30, 2024. Thereafter, the maximum Senior Secured Leverage Ratio is 4.00 to 1.00, with limited permitted exception.

The Interest Coverage ratio is defined, at any measurement date, as the ratio of Consolidated EBITDA, as defined in the Credit Agreement, to Consolidated Interest Expense, as defined in the Credit Agreement, paid or payable in cash, for the most recently completed four fiscal quarters. The minimum Interest Coverage ratio is 3.00 to 1.00.

We were in compliance with all financial covenants as of September 30, 2022.

The Credit Agreement contains customary events of default, including, among others: non-payments of principal and interest; breach of representations and warranties; covenant defaults; cross-defaults and cross-acceleration to certain other material indebtedness; the existence of bankruptcy or insolvency proceedings; certain events under ERISA; material judgments; and a change of control. If an event of default occurs and is not cured within any applicable grace period or is not waived, the administrative agent and the Lenders are entitled to take various actions, including, without limitation, the acceleration of all amounts due and the termination of commitments under the Senior Secured Credit Facilities.

2017 Credit Facility

On November 8, 2017, we entered into a five-year senior secured revolving credit facility with various lenders for \$150.0 million, with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association as the administrative agent, swingline lender and issuing lender (the "Prior Credit Facility"). The Prior Credit Facility, which was set to mature on November 8, 2022, was terminated in connection with entering into the Credit Agreement on January 6, 2022. There were no borrowings outstanding under the Prior Credit Facility at that date or at December 31, 2021. The remaining unamortized deferred debt issuance costs related to the Prior Credit Facility were not material and were expensed in connection with its termination. See further details of the terms of the Prior Credit Facility in Note 11 in Part II, Item 8, of our 2021 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

The carrying values of our long-term debt consist of the following (in thousands):

	Effective Interest Rate	As of September 30, 2
Senior Secured Credit Facilities:		
Term Loan A — principal	3.39 %	\$ 8.
Term Loan B — principal	3.98 %	84
Revolving Credit Facility — principal	— %	
Less unamortized debt issuance costs ⁽¹⁾		(2
Total carrying value of long-term debt		1,6:
Less current portion of long-term debt		1
Long-term debt, net		\$ 1,62

⁽¹⁾ Comprised of \$13.4 million and \$12.2 million relating to the Term Loan A and the Term Loan B, respectively.

As of September 30, 2022, the aggregate amount of principal repayments of our long-term debt (including any current portion) for each of the next five years is approximately (in thousands):

Remainder of 2022	\$
2023	<i>'</i>
2024	
2025 2026 2027	:
2026	,
2027	6′
Thereafter	80
Total	\$ 1,6′

The following table presents the total interest expense related to our long-term debt (in thousands):

	Three mor	 	Nine mon Septem	
	 2022	2021	 2022	2021
Contractual interest	\$ 19,228	\$ _	\$ 41,868	\$
Amortization of debt issuance costs	1,758	72	5,200	
Commitment fee — Revolving Credit Facility	334	58	994	
Total long-term debt-related interest expense	\$ 21,320	\$ 130	48,062	

Note 18: Stockholders' Equity

Shareholders Agreement

At the completion of the Smiths Medical acquisition on January 6, 2022, Smiths owns approximately 10.5% of the total outstanding shares of our common stock (see Note 3: Acquisitions). At closing, in connection with the issuance of the share consideration, we entered into a Shareholders Agreement (the "Shareholders Agreement") with Smiths. The Shareholders Agreement imposes certain restrictions on Smiths including prohibiting certain transfers of the shares of our common stock issued (i) for 6 months following the closing of the acquisition and (ii) to certain of our competitors and certain other parties, as well as customary standstill limitations. The Shareholders Agreement also permits Smiths to designate one individual for

ICU MEDICAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

election to our Board of Directors (the "Board") so long as Smiths beneficially owns at least 5.0% of the total outstanding shares of our common stock. On February 1, 2022, our Board appointed a new director designated by Smiths pursuant to the Shareholders Agreement who was elected to the Board at the 2022 Annual Meeting of Stockholders held in May 2022. This appointment expanded the size of our Board from eight to nine members. See our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on February 1, 2022 for additional information.

Treasury Stock

In August 2019, our Board approved a share purchase plan to purchase up to \$100.0 million of our common stock. This plan has no expiration date. During the three months ended September 30, 2022, we did not purchase any shares of our common stock under our share purchase plan. As of September 30, 2022, all of the \$100.0 million available for purchase was remaining under the plan. We are currently limited on share purchases in accordance with the terms and conditions of our Credit Agreement (see Note 17: Long-Term Debt).

For the nine months ended September 30, 2022, we withheld 45,370 shares of our common stock from employee vested restricted stock units in consideration for \$10.5 million in payments made on the employees' behalf for their minimum statutory income tax withholding obligations. For the nine months ended September 30, 2021, we withheld 39,371 shares of our common stock from employee vested restricted stock units in consideration for \$8.1 million in payments made on the employees' behalf for their minimum statutory income tax withholding obligations. Treasury stock is used to issue shares for stock option exercises and restricted stock grants.

Accumulated Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income ("AOCI")

The components of AOCI, net of tax, were as follows (in thousands):

	F	Foreign Currency Translation Adjustments		nrealized (Losses) ins on Cash Flow Hedges	0	Other Adjustments		Total
Balance as of January 1, 2022	\$	(19,045)	\$	(237)	\$	13	\$	(19,269)
Other comprehensive (loss) income before reclassifications		(4,946)		25,782		15		20,851
Amounts reclassified from AOCI		_		(2,210)		_		(2,210)
Other comprehensive (loss) income		(4,946)		23,572		15		18,641
Balance as of March 31, 2022	\$	(23,991)	\$	23,335	\$	28	\$	(628)
Other comprehensive (loss) income before reclassifications		(99,805)		10,245		14	_	(89,546)
Amounts reclassified from AOCI		_		(2,101)		_		(2,101)
Other comprehensive (loss) income		(99,805)		8,144		14		(91,647)
Balance as of June 30, 2022	\$	(123,796)	\$	31,479	\$	42	\$	(92,275)
Other comprehensive (loss) income before reclassifications		(90,549)	_	18,784		227		(71,538)
Amounts reclassified from AOCI		_		(1,869)		_		(1,869)
Other comprehensive (loss) income		(90,549)		16,915		227		(73,407)
Balance as of September 30, 2022	\$	(214,345)	\$	48,394	\$	269	\$	(165,682)

ICU MEDICAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

	I	Foreign Currency Translation	Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Cash			
		Adjustments	Flow Hedges	0	ther Adjustments	Total
Balance as of January 1, 2021	\$	(4,381)	\$ 2,784	\$	75	\$ (1,522)
Other comprehensive (loss) income before reclassifications		(7,458)	(306)		12	(7,752)
Amounts reclassified from AOCI		_	(639)		_	(639)
Other comprehensive (loss) income		(7,458)	(945)		12	(8,391)
Balance as of March 31, 2021	\$	(11,839)	\$ 1,839	\$	87	\$ (9,913)
Other comprehensive income before reclassifications		1,302	335		12	1,649
Amounts reclassified from AOCI		<u> </u>	(687)		<u> </u>	(687)
Other comprehensive income (loss)		1,302	 (352)		12	 962
Balance as of June 30, 2021	\$	(10,537)	\$ 1,487	\$	99	\$ (8,951)
Other comprehensive (loss) income before reclassifications		(5,360)	(83)		12	(5,431)
Amounts reclassified from AOCI			(736)			(736)
Other comprehensive (loss) income		(5,360)	(819)		12	(6,167)
Balance as of September 30, 2021	\$	(15,897)	\$ 668	\$	111	\$ (15,118)

Note 19: Commitments and Contingencies

Legal Proceedings

From time to time, we are involved in various legal proceedings, most of which are routine litigation, in the normal course of business. Our management does not believe that the resolution of the unsettled legal proceedings that we are involved with will have a material adverse impact on our financial position or results of operations.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

In the normal course of business, we have agreed to indemnify our officers and directors to the maximum extent permitted under Delaware law and to indemnify customers as to certain intellectual property matters or other matters related to sales of our products. There is no maximum limit on the indemnification that may be required under these agreements.

Although we can provide no assurances, we have never incurred, nor do we expect to incur, any material liability for indemnification.

Contingencies

On January 6, 2022, we acquired Smiths Medical. Total consideration for the acquisition includes a potential earn-out payment of \$100.0 million in cash contingent on our common stock achieving a certain volume-weighted average price from the closing date to either the third or fourth anniversary of closing. As of September 30, 2022, the estimated fair value of the contingent earn-out is \$21.8 million (see Note 9: Fair Value Measurements).

Prior to being acquired, during 2021, Smiths Medical received a Warning Letter from the FDA following an inspection of Smiths Medical's Oakdale, Minnesota Facility. The Warning Letter cited, among other things, failures to comply with FDA's medical device reporting requirements and failures to comply with applicable portions of the Quality System Regulation. A provision for the estimated costs related to the field service corrective action was recorded on the opening acquired balance sheet of Smiths Medical in the amount of \$55.1 million. The initial estimate recorded was based on a probability-weighted estimate of the costs required to settle the obligation. The actual costs to be incurred are dependent upon the scope of the work necessary to achieve regulatory clearance and could differ from the original estimate. The estimated field service corrective action recorded at September 30, 2022 is \$47.5 million.

ICU MEDICAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

During November 2021, we acquired a small foreign infusion systems supplier. Total consideration for the acquisition includes a potential earn-out payment of up to \$2.5 million, consisting of (i) a cash payment of \$1.0 million contingent on the achievement of certain revenue targets for the annual period ending December 31, 2022 and, separately, (ii) a cash payment of \$1.5 million contingent on certain product-related regulatory certifications obtained by May 26, 2024. As of September 30, 2022, the estimated fair value of the contingent earn-out is \$1.8 million (see Note 9: Fair Value Measurements).

During August 2021, we entered into an agreement with one of our international distributors whereby that distributor would not compete with us in a specific territory for a three-year period that will end in September 2024. The terms of the agreement include a contingent earn-out payment. The contingent earn-out shall not exceed \$6.0 million, which will be earned based on certain revenue targets over a twelve-month measurement period determined by the highest four consecutive quarters commencing over a two-year period starting on the closing date of the agreement and provided that the distributor is in compliance with its obligations under the agreement. As of September 30, 2022, the estimated fair value of the contingent earn-out is \$2.6 million (see Note 9: Fair Value Measurements).

Commitments

We have non-cancelable operating lease agreements where we are contractually obligated to pay certain lease payment amounts (see Note 6: Leases).

Note 20: Collaborative and Other Arrangements

On February 3, 2017, we entered into two Manufacturing and Supply Agreements ("MSAs") whereby (i) Pfizer will manufacture and supply us with certain agreed upon products for an initial five-year term with a one-time two-year option to extend and (ii) we will manufacture and supply Pfizer certain agreed upon products for a term of five or ten years depending on the product, also with a one-time two-year option to extend. The MSAs provide each party with mutually beneficial interests and both of the MSAs are to be jointly managed by both Pfizer and ICU. The initial supply price, which is subject to an annual update, is in full consideration for all costs associated with the manufacture, documentation, packaging and certification of the products. On January 1, 2021, we amended our MSA with Pfizer, whereby we manufacture and supply certain agreed upon products to Pfizer. The amendments included a change to the term of the agreement to end on December 31, 2024 with Pfizer's unilateral election to extend through December 31, 2025. Other changes to the terms of the MSA included (i) amendments to our level of supply of products to Pfizer, (ii) certain changes to our manufacturing lines, (iii) updates to our supply price with added volume price tiers for annual periods and (iv) certain minimum purchase requirements for certain products. On February 1, 2022, effective as of January 1, 2022, upon our request, Pfizer executed a Product Addendum (the "Product Addendum") to our MSA, whereby Pfizer manufactures and supplies to us certain agreed upon products. The Product Addendum includes the supply of additional product to us subject to certain time and pricing terms and conditions. The Product Addendum includes a minimum purchase obligation of \$29.6 million and expires on November 30, 2022. As of March 31, 2022, we had satisfied the minimum purchase obligations under the Product Addendum.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following information should be read in conjunction with the condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes in this Form 10-Q, as well as the audited consolidated financial statements and related notes for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021 included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K.

When used in this report, the terms "we," "us," and "our" refer to ICU Medical, Inc. ("ICU") and its subsidiaries included in our condensed consolidated financial statements unless context requires otherwise.

Business Overview

Recent Developments

On January 6, 2022, we completed the acquisition of Smiths Medical 2020 Limited ("Smiths Medical"), the holding company of Smiths Group plc's global medical device business. See "Acquisitions" below for additional detail regarding the transaction. Smiths Medical is engaged in the development, manufacture and sale of syringe and ambulatory infusion devices, vascular access, and vital care products used in hospital, emergency, home and alternative care settings. Our acquisition of Smiths Medical was strategic and increases our focus and scale in infusion therapy globally which we believe will enhance our competitive position as a leader within the industry.

The combination of ICU and Smiths Medical brings together two highly complementary product portfolios to create a comprehensive range of offerings utilized in the infusion therapy care continuum. Our existing product portfolio includes IV solutions, IV smart pumps with pain management and safety software technology, dedicated and non-dedicated IV sets and needlefree connectors designed to help meet clinical, safety and workflow goals. In addition, we manufacture automated pharmacy IV compounding systems with workflow technology, closed systems transfer devices for preparing and administering hazardous IV drugs, and cardiac monitoring systems for critically ill patients. The acquisition of Smiths Medical broadened our product portfolio to include syringe and ambulatory pumps, peripheral IV catheters, fluid warming and respiratory devices, silicone and PVC tracheotomy tubes, among other products.

Following the Smiths Medical acquisition, we are initially presenting the following product lines in addition to our legacy product lines: Infusion Systems-Smiths Medical, Vascular Access-Smiths Medical and Vital Care-Smiths Medical. See "Products" in the remainder of this item for a list of our primary products included in each line.

Our primary customers are acute care hospitals, wholesalers, ambulatory clinics and alternate site facilities, such as clinics, home health care providers and long-term care facilities. With the addition of Smiths Medical we sell our products in more than 90 countries throughout the world.

The following information is additional to and not a substitute for the Business section under Part I, Item 1 of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021 and should be read in conjunction with that filing:

Manufacturing Changes

With the acquisition of the Smiths Medical business, we now operate additional manufacturing facilities including five facilities in the United States ("U.S."), two facilities in Mexico and two in the UK, and one facility in each of the Czech Republic, Italy and China.

Service Centers

With the acquisition of the Smiths Medical business, we now operate additional service and repair facilities in the U.S., Canada, two locations in Europe and four locations in Asia.

Distribution Changes

Following the Smiths Medical acquisition, we operate two additional main distribution centers, one in the U.S. supporting the Americas and International and one in the Netherlands mainly supporting EMEA. We have eleven additional smaller distribution centers globally three of which are in the U.S., two in each of EMEA and China, and one in each of Canada, the U.K., Japan and India.

Competition Changes

The Infusion Systems product line of Smiths Medical competes with many of the same competitors as those referenced in Part I, Item 1. "Business" of our 2021 Annual Report on Form 10-K as well as additional competitors such as Moog Medical and Fresenius.

The Vascular Access product line of Smiths Medical competes with many of the same competitors as those referenced in Part I, Item 1. "Business" of our 2021 Annual Report on Form 10-K as well as additional competitors such Angio Dynamics, Greiner Bio-One, and Teleflex Incorporated. Our ability to remain competitive in this market will depend on our ability to focus on demonstrable patient outcomes by differentiating our products by improving device functionality and by providing successful customer training programs on the use and maintenance of our products.

The Vital Care product line of Smiths Medical competes with numerous competitors due to its wide range of business. Those include multinational competitors such as Medtronic and Philips Healthcare as well as smaller more focused competitors such as Belmont and Intersurgical plc. Our ability to compete in this market will depend on our ability to continue to make technological advances to our products, thereby increasing customer efficiency and by providing product support that improves clinical decision-making that ultimately enhances patient safety.

Products

As of September 30, 2022, our primary product offerings by product line are listed below. We have presented our financial results in accordance with these product lines:

Infusion Consumables

Infusion therapy sets, used in hospitals and ambulatory clinics, consist of a tube running from a bottle or plastic bag containing a solution to a catheter inserted in a patient's vein, that may or may not be used with an IV pump. Our primary Infusion Consumable products are:

- Clave[™] needlefree products, including the MicroClave, MicroClave Clear, and NanoClave[™] brand of connectors, accessories, extension and administration sets used for the administration of IV fluids and medications and the Neutron catheter patency device, used to help maintain patency of central venous catheters;
- SwabCap and SwabTip disinfecting caps, used to protect and disinfect any needlefree connector, including competitive brands of connectors, and
 male luers;
- ClearGuard HD antimicrobial barrier caps for hemodialysis catheters; and
- TegoTM hemodialysis connector used to cap and protect hemodialysis central venous catheter hubs.

Closed System Transfer Devices ("CSTD") and hazardous drug compounding systems are used to prepare and deliver hazardous IV medications such as those used in chemotherapy, which, if released, can have harmful effects on the healthcare worker and environment. Our products are:

- ChemoLockTM CSTD, which utilizes a proprietary needlefree connection method, is used for the preparation and administration of hazardous
 drugs. ChemoLock is used to limit the escape of hazardous drug or vapor concentrations, block the transfer of environmental contaminants into
 the system, and eliminates the risk of needlestick injury;
- ChemoClaveTM, an ISO Connection standard and universally compatible CSTD used for the preparation and administration of hazardous drugs.
 ChemoClave utilizes standard ISO luer locking connections, making it compatible with all brands of needlefree connectors and pump delivery systems. ChemoClave also is used to limit the escape of hazardous drug or vapor concentrations, block the transfer of environmental contaminants into the system, and eliminate the risk of needlestick injury; and

DianaTM hazardous drug compounding system, an automated sterile compounding system that incorporates ChemoClave and ChemoLock CSTD consumables and IV workflow technology for the accurate, safe, and efficient preparation of hazardous drugs. It is a user-controlled automated system that provides repeatable accuracy of drug mixes and minimizes clinician exposure to hazardous drugs while helping to maintain the sterility of the drugs being mixed.

The preparation of hazardous drugs typically takes place in a pharmacy where drugs are removed from vials and prepared for delivery to a patient. Those prepared drugs are then transferred to a nursing unit where the chemotherapy is administered via an infusion pump set to a patient. Components of the ChemoClave and ChemoLock product lines are used both in pharmacies and on the nursing floors for the preparation and administration of hazardous drugs.

Infusion Systems

We offer a wide range of infusion pumps, dedicated IV sets, software and professional services. Our primary Infusion System products are dedicated IV sets and the following:

Infusion Pump Hardware:

- Plum 360[™]: The Plum 360[™] infusion pump is an ICU Medical MedNet[™] ready large volume infusion pump with an extensive drug library and wireless capability. Plum 360 was named the 2018, 2019 and 2020 Best in KLAS winner as top-performing IV smart pump and was the first medical device to be awarded UL Cybersecurity Assurance Program Certification. Also, in 2021 and 2022, the Plum 360 won the award as the top-performing Smart Pump EMR-Integrated; and
- LifeCare PCATM: The LifeCare PCA infusion pump is an ICU Medical MedNetTM ready patient-controlled analgesia pump ("PCA"), providing complete IV Electronic Health Record ("IV-EHR") interoperability since 2016.

IV Medication Safety Software:

• *ICU Medical MedNet*TM: ICU Medical MedNet is an enterprise-class medication management platform for any sized healthcare system that can help reduce medication errors, improve quality of care, streamline workflows and maximize revenue capture. ICU Medical MedNet connects our industry-leading smart pumps to a hospital's EHR, asset tracking systems, and alarm notification platforms with the largest array of integration partners.

Professional Services:

• In addition to the products above, our teams of clinical, information technology, and professional services experts work with customers to develop and deliver safe and efficient infusion systems, providing customized and personalized configuration, implementation, and data analytics services to complement our infusion hardware and software.

IV Solutions

We provide a broad portfolio of IV solutions to meet our customers' clinical needs, providing a consistent supply of IV solutions, irrigation, and nutritionals to help provide safe and effective patient care. Our primary IV Solutions products are:

IV Therapy and Diluents:

 Including Sodium Chloride, Dextrose, Balanced Electrolyte Solutions, Lactated Ringer's, Ringer's, Mannitol, Sodium Chloride/Dextrose and Sterile Water

Irrigation:

 Including Sodium Chloride Irrigation, Sterile Water Irrigation, Physiologic Solutions, Ringer's Irrigation, Acetic Acid Irrigation, Glycine Irrigation, Sorbitol-Mannitol Irrigation, Flexible Containers and Pour Bottle Options.

Critical Care

Our Critical Care products help clinicians get accurate real-time access to patients' hemodynamic and cardiac status with an extensive portfolio of monitoring systems and advanced sensors & catheters. Measurements provided by our systems help clinicians determine how well the heart is pumping blood and how efficiently oxygen from the blood is being used by the tissues. Our primary Critical Care products are:

- CogentTM 2-in-1 hemodynamic monitoring system;
- CardioFloTM hemodynamic monitoring system;
- TDQTM and OptiQTM cardiac output monitoring catheters;
- TriOxTM venous oximetry catheters;
- Transpac[™] blood pressure transducers; and
- SafeSetTM closed blood sampling and conservation system.

Infusion Systems-Smiths Medical

We offer a wide range of infusion pumps, disposables and safety software for use in both hospital and home settings. These products participate in adjacent categories to the legacy ICU Medical Infusion Systems product line. The primary Infusion Systems-Smith Medical products are:

Ambulatory Infusion Hardware:

• CADD® ambulatory infusion pumps and disposables, including administration sets and medication cassette reservoirs, support a variety of IV pain management therapies across clinical care areas from hospital to outpatient treatment.

Syringe Infusion Hardware:

MedfusionTM syringe infusion pumps are designed for the administration of fluids and medication requiring precisely controlled infusion rates from a variety of syringe sizes in acute care settings.

Infusion Software:

 PharmGuard[®] Medication Safety Software for Medfusion[™] 4000 syringe and CADD[™] Solis pumps allows for customized drug libraries to support the standardization of protocols for medication administration throughout the facility.

Vascular Access-Smiths Medical

Our Vascular Access-Smiths Medical products allow clinicians to safely access the patients' bloodstream to deliver fluids and medication or to obtain blood samples. Vascular Access products are often used in conjunction with Consumables and Infusion Systems devices. Our primary Vascular Access products are:

- Jelco® safety and conventional peripheral IV catheters, sharps safety devices for hypodermic injection, and venipuncture blood collection and
 peripheral IV catheters designed to help prevent needlestick injury and to reduce the risks associated with blood exposure and contamination
 while reducing patients' risk of infection;
- DELTEC® implantable ports and GRIPPER® non-coring needles for portal access;
- Portex® arterial blood sampling syringes, anesthesia trays and kits for pain management;
- Powerwand® midline catheters; and
- MEDEX[®] LogiCal[®] Pressure Monitoring System and components.

Vital Care-Smiths Medical

We offer a range of devices and systems to maintain patients' airways and maintain body temperature before, during and after surgery. Our primary Vital Care products are:

- Level I^{\oplus} temperature management systems used in perioperative and critical care settings to help monitor and regulate patient temperature through rapid infusion, routine blood and fluid warming, irrigation warming and convective warming.
- Portex® acapella® bronchial hygiene products used to mobilize pulmonary secretions to facilitate the opening of airways in patients with chronic respiratory diseases such as chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, or COPD, asthma and cystic fibrosis.
- Portex® Bivona® tracheostomy tubes in PVC and silicone construction that provide a secure airway for both surgical and percutaneous procedures. Our silicone tracheostomy tubes are customizable to accommodate unique patient requirements.

In the U.S. a substantial amount of our products are sold to group purchasing organization member hospitals. We believe that as healthcare providers continue to either consolidate or join major buying organizations, the success of our products will depend, in part, on our ability, either independently or through strategic relationships, to secure long-term contracts with large healthcare providers and major buying organizations. Although we believe that we are not dependent on any single distributor, large healthcare provider or major buying organization for distribution of our products, the loss of a strategic relationship with any one of these organizations or a decline in the demand for our products could have a material adverse effect on our operating results.

We believe that achievement of our growth objectives worldwide will require increased efforts by us in sales and marketing and product acquisition and development; however, there is no assurance that we will be successful in implementing our growth strategy. Product development or acquisition efforts may not succeed, and even if we do develop or acquire additional products, there is no assurance that we will achieve profitable sales of such products. Increased expenditures for sales and marketing and product acquisition and development may not yield desired results when expected, or at all. While we have taken steps to control these risks, there are certain risks that may be outside of our control, and there is no assurance that steps we have taken will succeed.

Seasonality/Quarterly Results

There are no significant seasonal aspects to our business. We can experience fluctuations in net sales as a result of variations in the ordering patterns of our largest customers, which may be driven more by the novel coronavirus and its variants ("COVID-19") pandemic surges and its impact on hospital admissions and procedure volumes along with production scheduling and customer inventory levels, and less by seasonality. Our expenses often do not fluctuate in the same manner as net sales, which may cause fluctuations in operating income that are disproportionate to fluctuations in our revenue.

Acquisition

On January 6, 2022, we acquired 100% of the equity interests in Smiths Medical from Smiths Group International Holdings Limited ("Smiths") for cash consideration of \$1.9 billion and the issuance of 2.5 million shares of our common stock valued at \$576.0 million. We funded the cash portion of the consideration paid with a combination of proceeds from a Credit Agreement dated January 6, 2022 (the "Credit Agreement") and our cash and cash equivalents. The fair value of the common shares issued to Smiths was determined based on the opening market price of our common stock on the acquisition date. Smiths may be entitled to a potential contingent earn-out payment of \$100.0 million based on our common stock achieving certain price targets on or prior to the third or fourth anniversary of closing. See Note 3, Acquisitions in our accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements for further details on the acquisition. See "Liquidity and Capital Resources" in the remainder of this item and Note 17 in our accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements for additional information regarding the Credit Agreement.

COVID-19 Pandemic and other Macroeconomic and Global Geopolitical Events

Our business operations have been, and we expect will continue to be, impacted by the novel coronavirus and its variants ("COVID-19") and by the continuing conflict between Russia and Ukraine. These events have resulted in global economic challenges, such as rising inflation, especially with respect to freight costs driven by the higher fuel prices, global supply chain disruption, and foreign currency exchange rate impact as a result of the strengthening of the U.S. dollar. All of these factors have negatively impacted our gross profit margin during 2022.

While we continually monitor the ongoing and evolving impacts of the pandemic, macroeconomic conditions and geopolitical events on our operations the extent of such impacts are based on factors that cannot be fully predicted at this time. Accordingly, the impact on our overall financial performance remains uncertain and cannot as yet be quantified. For a discussion of the risks and uncertainties we face as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic and other market and external factors, see Part I, Item 1A. "Risk Factors" of our 2021 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Consolidated Results of Operations

We present income statement data in Part I, Item 1. "Financial Statements." The following table shows, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, the percentages of each income statement caption in relation to total revenue:

	Three month Septembe		Nine mont Septem	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Total revenues	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %
Gross profit	31 %	38 %	31 %	37 %
Selling, general and administrative expenses	26 %	22 %	27 %	23 %
Research and development expenses	4 %	4 %	4 %	4 %
Restructuring, strategic transaction and integration expenses	2 %	1 %	4 %	1 %
Change in fair value of contingent earn-out	(1)%	— %	(2)%	— %
Contract settlement	%	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	— %
Total operating expenses	31 %	27 %	33 %	28 %
(Loss) income from operations	<u> </u>	11 %	(2)%	9 %
Interest expense	(4)%	— %	(3)%	— %
Other income, net	%	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	— %
(Loss) income before income taxes	(4)%	11 %	(5)%	9 %
Benefit (provision) for income taxes	1 %	(2)%	2 %	(2)%
Net (loss) income	(3)%	9 %	(3)%	7 %

In addition to comparing changes in revenue on a U.S. GAAP basis, we also compare the changes in revenue from one period to another using constant currency. We provide constant currency information to enhance the visibility of underlying business trends, excluding the effects of changes in foreign currency translation rates. To calculate our constant currency results, we apply the average exchange rate for revenues from the prior year to the current year results. These results should be considered in addition to, not as a substitute for, results reported in accordance with GAAP. Results on a constant currency basis, as we present them, may not be comparable to similarly titled measures used by other companies and are not measures of performance presented in accordance with GAAP.

Infusion Consumables

The following table summarizes our total Infusion Consumables revenue (in millions):

		Three mo Septer	nths e nber 3					Nine mo Septe				
	 2022	2021	\$	Change	% Change		2022	2021	;	\$ Change	% Change	_
Infusion Consumables	\$ 141.1	\$ 144.9	\$	(3.8)	(2.6)	% 5	426.1	\$ 407.5	\$	18.6	4.6 %)

Infusion Consumables revenue decreased for the three months ended September 30, 2022, as compared to the same period in the prior year, primarily due to the impact of foreign exchange. Infusion Consumables revenue increased for the nine months ended September 30, 2022, as compared to the same period in the prior year, due to increased customer demand in our global core infusion, global oncology and renal products partially offset by the impact of foreign exchange. On a constant currency basis, Infusion Consumables revenue would have been \$146.1 million, an increase of \$1.2 million or 0.8% and \$437.3 million, an increase of \$29.8 million or 7.3%, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, respectively, as compared to the same periods in the prior year.

Infusion Systems

The following table summarizes our total Infusion Systems revenue (in millions):

			Three me Septe	 is ended er 30,			Nine mo Septe		
	2022 2021			\$ Change	% Change	2022	2021	\$ Change	% Change
Infusion Systems	\$ 87.8	\$	90.7	\$ (2.9)	(3.2)%	\$ 262.1	\$ 259.7	\$ 2.4	0.9 %

Infusion Systems revenue decreased for the three months ended September 30, 2022, as compared to the same period in the prior year, primarily due to the impact of foreign exchange. Infusion Systems revenue increased for the nine months ended September 30, 2022, as compared to the same period in the prior year, primarily due to higher large volume pump ("LVP") software and service sales, offset partially by lower sales related to our non-LVP products and the impact of foreign exchange. On a constant currency basis, Infusion Systems revenue would have been \$91.8 million, an increase of \$1.1 million or 1.2%, and \$270.5 million, an increase of \$10.8 million or 4.2%, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, respectively, as compared to the same periods in the prior year.

IV Solutions

The following table summarizes our total IV Solutions revenue (in millions):

			Three m Septe				Nine mo Septe		
	2	022	2021	\$ Change	% Change	2022	2021	\$ Change	% Change
IV Solutions	\$	96.4	\$ 89.2	\$ 7.2	8.1 %	\$ 279.0	\$ 271.8	\$ 7.2	2.6 %

IV Solutions revenue increased for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, as compared to the same periods in the prior year, primarily due to an increase in contract manufacturing sales to Pfizer.

Critical Care

The following table summarizes our total Critical Care revenue (in millions):

			Three me Septe	er 30,			Nine mo Septe		
	2	022	2021	\$ Change	% Change	2022	2021	\$ Change	% Change
Critical Care	\$	10.8	\$ 11.3	\$ (0.5)	(4.4)%	\$ 35.3	\$ 36.8	\$ (1.5)	(4.1)%

Critical Care revenue decreased slightly for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, as compared to the same periods in the prior year.

Infusion Systems-Smiths Medical

The following table summarizes our total Infusion Systems-Smiths Medical revenue (in millions):

		Three mon Septem				Nine mon Septen		
	2022	2021	\$ Change	% Change	2022	2021	\$ Change	% Change
Infusion Systems-Smiths Medical	\$ 96.9	\$ _	\$ 96.9	nm	\$ 241.0	\$ _	\$ 241.0	nm

The Infusion Systems-Smiths Medical revenue is a result of the acquisition of Smiths Medical. The year-to-date amount in the table above represents approximately nine months of revenue from the closing date of the transaction to the end of the current quarter ended September 30, 2022. Revenues in the current periods are lower than historical results due to operational challenges caused by supply chain and fulfillment constraints and due to the impact of changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

Vascular Access-Smiths Medical

The following table summarizes our total Vascular Access revenue (in millions):

		Three m Septe				Nine mon Septen		
	 2022	2021	\$ Change	% Change	 2022	2021	\$ Change	% Change
Vascular Access-Smiths Medical	\$ 95.3	\$ _	\$ 95.3	nm	\$ 251.4	\$ _	\$ 251.4	nm

The Vascular Access-Smiths Medical revenue is a result of the acquisition of Smiths Medical. The year-to-date amount in the table above represents approximately nine months of revenue from the closing date of the transaction to the end of the current quarter ended September 30, 2022. Revenues in the current periods are lower than historical results due to operational challenges caused by supply chain and fulfillment constraints and due to the impact of changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

Vital Care-Smiths Medical

		Three more Septen	ended 30,					Nine mon Septem		nded 30,		
	2022	2021	\$ Change	% Chan	ge	-	2022	2021	9	S Change	% Change	•
Vital Care-Smiths Medical	\$ 69.6	\$ 	\$ 69.6	nm		\$	207.1	\$ 	\$	207.1	nm	

The Vital Care-Smiths Medical revenue is a result of the acquisition of Smiths Medical. The year-to-date amount in the table above represents approximately nine months of revenue from the closing date of the transaction to the end of the current quarter ended September 30, 2022. Revenues in the current periods are lower than historical results due to operational challenges caused by supply chain and fulfillment constraints and due to the impact of changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

Gross Margins

For the three months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, gross margins were 31.2% and 38.0%, respectively. For the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, gross margins were 30.7% and 37.3%, respectively. The decrease in gross margins for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, as compared to the same periods in the prior year, was driven by the acquisition of Smiths Medical, changes in foreign currency exchange rates due to the strengthening US dollar, inflationary cost increases in our supply chain, and lower manufacturing absorption due to supply chain disruptions. Smiths Medical gross margins are lower than historical ICU margins for the current quarter and year-to-date period due primarily to spending on quality systems and product-related remediation, the cost recognition of the purchase accounting write-up of inventory and freight expediting costs. Inflationary cost increases during 2022 notably impacted our logistics expenses, as well as labor and raw materials costs.

Selling, General and Administrative ("SG&A") Expenses

The following table summarizes our total SG&A Expenses (in millions):

			Three mo		ended 30,			Nine mo Septe		
	 2022		2021	9	S Change	% Change	2022	2021	\$ Change	% Change
SG&A	\$ 153.5	S	74.8	\$	78.7	105.2 %	\$ 465.4	\$ 221.1	\$ 244 3	110.5 %

SG&A expenses increased for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, as compared to the same periods in the prior year. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, increases of \$77.1 million and \$233.4 million, respectively, were due to the impact of the Smiths Medical acquisition. For the three months ended September 30, 2022, expense increases related to Smiths Medical included \$27.6 million of salaries and benefits, \$33.3 million of depreciation and amortization expense and \$4.9 million of IT and business support services and for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 Smiths Medical SG&A expenses included \$83.8 million of salaries and benefits, \$92.1 million of depreciation and amortization expense and \$15.6 million of IT and business support services. In addition to the Smiths Medical SG&A increases, for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 stock based compensation increased \$8.2 million primarily due to a change in the probability of the number of shares estimated to be earned for certain equity awards based on performance criteria, an increase in the value of equity granted during the current year period compared to the prior year period as well as an increase in the number of employees receiving equity during the current year period as a result of the Smiths Medical acquisition.

Research and Development ("R&D") Expenses

The following table summarizes our total R&D Expenses (in millions):

				ns ended er 30,			Nine mo Septe		
	 2022		2021	\$ Change	% Change	2022	2021	\$ Change	% Change
R&D	\$ 23.1	\$	12.2	\$ 10.9	89.3 %	\$ 69.5	\$ 34.3	\$ 35.2	102.6 %

R&D expenses increased for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, as compared to the same periods in the prior year primarily due to the acquisition of Smiths Medical. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, the increase included \$9.9 million and \$31.0 million, respectively, related to Smiths Medical R&D expenses. R&D expenses during both periods primarily relate to headcount and employment expense in support of ongoing R&D projects.

Restructuring, Strategic Transaction and Integration Expenses

Restructuring, strategic transaction and integration expenses were \$14.4 million and \$61.8 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, respectively, as compared to \$2.4 million and \$9.0 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021, respectively.

Restructuring charges

Restructuring charges were \$2.4 million and \$7.3 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, respectively, and were related to severance costs. We expect to pay unpaid restructuring charges as of September 30, 2022 by the end of 2023. During the third quarter of 2021 we adjusted certain facility restructuring liabilities by \$2.0 million to reflect actual amounts owed resulting in net restructuring credits of \$(1.9) million and \$(1.8) million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021, respectively.

Strategic transaction and integration expenses

Strategic transaction and integration expenses were \$12.0 million and \$54.5 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, respectively, as compared to \$4.3 million and \$10.8 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021, respectively. The strategic transaction and integration expenses during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 were primarily related to our acquisition of Smiths Medical which primarily included legal expenses, bank fees and employee costs. The strategic transaction and integration expenses during the nine months ended September 30, 2022 also included a United Kingdom stamp tax. The strategic transaction and integration expenses during the three months ended September 30, 2021 were primarily related to transaction expenses incurred related to entering into a definitive agreement to acquire Smiths. The strategic transaction and integration expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 were

primarily related to integration costs associated with acquisitions, the Hospira Infusion Systems ("HIS") earn-out dispute with Pfizer, one-time costs incurred to comply with regulatory initiatives and the transaction costs related to the Smiths transaction.

Change in Fair Value of Contingent Earn-out

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 there was a gain of \$4.1 million and \$31.3 million, respectively, primarily related to the change in fair value of contingent earn-out related to the Smiths Medical acquisition.

Contract Settlement

We did not incur contract settlement expense for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021, we recorded \$0.1 million in contract settlement expense.

Interest Expense

Interest expense was \$21.2 million and \$0.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Interest expense was \$51.1 million and \$0.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Interest expense for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 primarily includes the contractual interest incurred on borrowings under the Credit Agreement, the per annum commitment fee charged on the available amount of the revolving credit facility contained in the Credit Agreement and the amortization of debt issuance costs incurred in connection with entering into the Credit Agreement (see Note 17: Long-Term Debt in our accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements for additional information).

Interest expense for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021 includes the per annum commitment fee charged on the unused portion of the revolver under our 2017 Credit Facility (the "Prior Credit Facility") and the amortization of financing costs that were incurred in 2017 in connection with entering into the Prior Credit Facility. The Prior Credit Facility was terminated in connection with entering into the Credit Agreement.

Other Income, net

Other income netted to \$0.3 million and \$0.8 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, respectively, as compared to \$(0.3) million and \$0.9 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021, respectively. For the three months ended September 30, 2022, other income (expense), net was related to \$3.3 million in interest income and \$0.4 million of miscellaneous income, net, mostly offset by \$2.1 million of foreign exchange losses and \$1.4 million of loss from disposal of assets. For the nine months ended September 30, 2022, other income (expense), net was related to \$4.8 million in interest income and \$2.9 million of miscellaneous income, net, mostly offset by \$4.6 million of foreign exchange losses and \$2.3 million of loss from disposal of assets.

For the three months ended September 30, 2021, the other expense, net was related to \$0.9 million in foreign exchange losses and \$0.3 million of loss from disposed assets offset by \$0.7 million of interest income and \$0.2 million of miscellaneous income. For the nine months ended September 30, 2021, the other income, net was related to \$2.1 million of interest income and \$0.5 million of miscellaneous income partially offset by \$1.1 million of loss from disposed assets and \$0.6 million in foreign exchange losses.

Income Taxes

For the three months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, income taxes were accrued at an estimated effective tax rate of 38% and 18%, respectively. For the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, income taxes were accrued at an estimated effective tax rate of 37% and 17%, respectively.

The effective tax rate for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 differs from the federal statutory rate of 21% principally because of the effect of the mix of U.S. and foreign incomes, state income taxes, section 162(m) excess compensation, foreign-derived intangible income ("FDII") and tax credits. The effective tax rate during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 included a tax benefit of 1.5 million and \$4.1 million, respectively, related to the excess tax benefits recognized on stock option exercises and the vesting of restricted stock units during the period. The effective tax rate

for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 also included a nil tax impact related to the revaluation of contingent consideration of \$4.1 million and \$31.3 million, respectively.

The effective tax rate for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021 differs from the federal statutory rate of 21% principally because of the effect of the mix of U.S. and foreign incomes, state income taxes, GILTI, FDII and tax credits. The effective tax rate during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021 included a tax benefit of \$1.1 million and \$3.3 million, respectively, related to the excess tax benefits recognized on stock option exercises and the vesting of restricted stock units during the periods and a tax provision of \$1.1 million related to U.S. federal return-to-provision adjustments for the year ended December 31, 2020 primarily due to changes in estimates for GILTI, FDII, subpart F income and related foreign tax credits along with other prior period adjustments.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

We regularly evaluate our liquidity and capital resources, including our access to external capital, to assess our ability to meet our principal cash requirements, which include working capital requirements, planned capital investments in our business, commitments, acquisition restructuring and integration expenses, investments in quality systems and quality compliance objectives, payment of interest expense, repayment of outstanding borrowings, income tax obligations and acquisition opportunities in accordance with our growth strategy.

Sources of Liquidity

Our primary sources of liquidity are cash and cash equivalents, our short-term investment portfolio, cash flows from our operations and access to borrowing arrangements.

Funds generated from operations are held in cash and cash equivalents and investment securities. During the nine months ended September 30, 2022, our cash and cash equivalents and short-term investment securities decreased by \$320.4 million from \$567.2 million at December 31, 2021 to \$246.8 million at September 30, 2022. This decrease was primarily due to our use of existing cash balances to partially fund the Smiths Medical acquisition in January 2022, to replenish finished goods inventory levels for legacy Smiths Medical, increase safety stock of raw materials across the combined company and to respond to supply chain constraints. Our short-term investment portfolio consists of investment-grade corporate and federal bonds and U.S. treasury securities and is primarily intended to facilitate capital preservation.

2022 Credit Agreement and Access to Capital

We entered into the Credit Agreement with various lenders on January 6, 2022 in connection with the closing of the Smiths Medical acquisition. The Credit Agreement provides for a five-year term loan A facility of \$850.0 million (the "Term Loan A"), a seven-year term loan B facility of \$850.0 million (the "Term Loan B") and a five-year revolving credit facility of \$500.0 million (the "Revolving Credit Facility") (collectively, the "Senior Secured Credit Facilities"). The proceeds from the term loans were used to finance a portion of the cash consideration for the Smiths Medical acquisition. The outstanding aggregate principal amount of the term loans is \$1.7 billion as of September 30, 2022, which includes the Term Loan A that will mature in January 2027 and the Term Loan B that will mature in January 2029. The proceeds of future borrowings under the Revolving Credit Facility, which expires in January 2027, may be used as a source of liquidity to support our ongoing working capital requirements and other general corporate purposes. There are no outstanding borrowings under the Revolving Credit Facilities, we were assigned issuer and Term Loan B credit ratings. At the date of issuance of this report, our issuer and Term Loan B credit ratings assigned and outlook were as follows:

	Issuer/Term Loan B	
	Credit Ratings	Outlook
Moody's	Ba3/Ba3	Stable
Fitch	BB/BBB-	Negative
Standard & Poor's	BB-/BB-	Stable

The Credit Agreement contains financial covenants that pertain to the Term Loan A and the Revolving Credit Facility. Specifically, we are required to maintain a Senior Secured Leverage Ratio of no more than 4.50 to 1.00 until June 30, 2024, with stepdowns to 4.00 to 1.00 thereafter, and an Interest Coverage Ratio of no less than 3.00 to 1.00 (defined and discussed in

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greater detail in Note 17: Long-Term Debt to our accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements). We were in compliance with these financial covenants as of September 30, 2022.

2017 Credit Facility

On November 8, 2017, we entered into a five-year revolving credit facility with various lenders for \$150.0 million (the "Prior Credit Facility"). The Prior Credit Facility, which was set to expire in November 2022, was terminated upon entering into the new Senior Secured Credit Facilities. There were no outstanding borrowings under the Prior Credit Facility at the time of its termination.

We believe that our existing cash and cash equivalents along with cash flows expected to be generated from future operations and the funds received and accessible under the Senior Secured Credit Facilities will provide us with sufficient liquidity to finance our cash requirements for the next twelve months. In the event that we experience downturns, cyclical fluctuations in our business that are more severe or longer than anticipated, fail to achieve anticipated revenue and expense levels, or have significant unplanned cash expenditures, we may need to obtain or seek alternative sources of capital or financing, and we can provide no assurances that the terms of such capital or financing will be available to us on favorable terms, if at all. Our ability to generate cash flows from operations, issue debt or enter into other financing arrangements on acceptable terms could be adversely affected if there is a material decline in the demand for our products or in the solvency of our customers or suppliers, deterioration in our key financial ratios or credit ratings or other significantly unfavorable changes in economic conditions. See Part I. Item 1A. "Risk Factors" in our 2021 Annual Report on Form 10-K for discussion of the risks and uncertainties associated with our debt financing.

Uses of Liquidity

Capital Expenditures

At September 30, 2022, there have been no material changes to our estimate for 2022 planned capital expenditures, as previously disclosed in our 2021 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Contractual Obligations

Our principal commitments at September 30, 2022 include both short and long-term future obligations.

Operating Leases

We have non-cancelable operating lease agreements where we are contractually obligated for certain lease payment amounts. We assumed additional operating leases as a result of our acquisition of Smiths Medical. For more information regarding our operating lease obligations, (see Note 6: Leases to our accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements).

Long-term Debt

As discussed above, in January 2022, we incurred borrowings under Senior Secured Credit Facilities. The principal repayment obligations and estimated interest payments on the term loans and estimated commitment fee payments on the revolver are estimated in the table below. Interest payments on the term loans were estimated using an Adjusted Term SOFR rate and an initial applicable margin of 1.75% for Term Loan A and 2.50% for Term Loan B and the revolver commitment fees were estimated using the initial rate of 0.25%. The applicable margin rate and commitment fee rate will change from time to time in accordance with a preset pricing grid based on the leverage ratio (see Note 17: Long-Term Debt to our accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements for pricing grids related to the Senior Secured Credit Facilities). We expect to fund these obligations with our existing cash and cash equivalents and cash generated from our future operations.

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	Ren	nainder of 2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	Thereafter
		2022	2023	2024	2025	2020	2027	Thereafter
Term Loan A Principal Payments	\$	— \$	21.2 \$	42.5 \$	42.5 \$	63.8 \$	664.0 \$	_
Term Loan A Interest Payments		10.3	41.2	33.5	29.8	28.8	0.4	_
Term Loan B Principal Payments		2.1	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	801.2
Term Loan B Interest Payments		12.0	47.1	42.2	40.8	41.5	41.5	44.4
Revolver Commitment Fee		0.6	1.2	1.0	0.8	0.8	0.2	_
	\$	25.0 \$	119.2 \$	127.7 \$	122.4 \$	143.4 \$	714.6 \$	845.6

Minimum Purchase Obligations

On February 1, 2022, effective as of January 1, 2022, upon our request, Pfizer executed a Product Addendum (the "Product Addendum") to our Manufacturing and Supply Agreements to supply us with additional product subject to certain time and pricing terms and conditions (see Note 20: Collaborative and Other Arrangements to our accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements for additional information). As of September 30, 2022, we had satisfied the minimum purchase obligations under the Product Addendum. The Product Addendum expires on November 30, 2022.

Other Future Capital Investments

At September 30, 2022, there have been no material changes to our estimate for restructuring and integration expenses along with spending to support quality systems and quality compliance objectives, as previously disclosed in our 2021 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Indemnifications

In the normal course of business, we have agreed to indemnify our officers and directors to the maximum extent permitted under Delaware law and to indemnify customers as to certain intellectual property matters related to sales of our products. There is no maximum limit on the indemnification that may be required under these agreements. Although we can provide no assurances, we have never incurred, nor do we expect to incur, any liability for indemnification.

Historical Cash Flows

Cash Flows from Operating Activities

Our net cash used in operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 was \$60.4 million. Net income plus adjustments for non-cash net expenses contributed \$173.6 million. Net cash used in operations as a result of changes in operating assets and liabilities was \$234.0 million. The changes in operating assets and liabilities included a \$151.8 million increase in inventories, a \$22.6 million increase in other assets, a \$38.1 million decrease in accounts receivable. Offsetting these amounts was a \$20.1 million decrease in prepaid expenses and other current assets and a \$9.0 million increase in accounts payable. The increase in inventory was primarily to build inventory safety stock levels. The increase in other assets was due to the purchase of spare parts and the capitalization of debt issuance costs allocated to the revolving credit facility. The decrease in accrued liabilities was primarily due to the payout of annual bonuses. The net changes in income taxes was a result of recording the current deferred provision and the timing of payments. The increase in accounts receivable was primarily due to the net impact of collection efforts and the timing of revenue. The net decrease in prepaid expenses and other current assets was primarily due to a decrease in deferred costs mostly offset by capitalized debt issuance costs allocated to the revolving credit facility. The increase in accounts payable was due to the timing of payments.

Our net cash provided by operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 was \$184.9 million. Net income plus adjustments for non-cash net expenses contributed \$195.2 million. Net cash used in operations as a result of changes in operating assets and liabilities was \$10.3 million. The changes in operating assets and liabilities included a \$13.6 million increase in other assets, a \$10.4 million decrease in accounts payable, a \$8.3 million decrease in account liabilities and \$1.9 million in net changes in income taxes, including excess tax benefits and deferred income taxes. Offsetting these amounts was a

\$16.5 million decrease in inventories, a \$3.8 million decrease in accounts receivables and a \$3.6 million decrease in prepaid expenses and other assets. The increase in other assets was due to the purchase of spare parts. The decrease in accounts payable was due to the timing of payments. The decrease in account liabilities was primarily due to the payment of operating lease liabilities and annual bonuses. The net changes in income taxes was a result of the timing of payments. The decrease in inventory was primarily due to the timing of production and customer purchases combined with the reduction in capitalized manufacturing variances. The decrease in accounts receivable is primarily due to collection efforts. The net decrease in prepaid expenses and other current assets was primarily due to a decrease in prepaid insurance and property taxes, decreased sales tax receivables and a decrease in deferred costs, offset partially by an increase in annual software and service contract renewals.

Cash Flows from Investing Activities

The following table summarizes the changes in our investing cash flows (in thousands):

	Nine months ended September 30,				
	 2022 2021			Change	
Investing Cash Flows:					
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	\$ (68,715) \$	(46,464)	\$	(22,251)(1)	
Proceeds from sale of assets	933	218		715	
Business acquisitions, net of cash acquired	(1,844,164)	_		(1,844,164)(2)	
Intangible asset additions	(6,560)	(10,216)		3,656 (3)	
Investments in non-marketable equity securities	_	(3,250)		3,250 (4)	
Purchases of investment securities	(3,397)	(10,034)		6,637 (5)	
Proceeds from sale of investment securities	36,433	12,000		24,433 (6)	
Net cash used in investing activities	\$ (1,885,470) \$	(57,746)	\$	(1,827,724)	

⁽¹⁾ Our purchases of property, plant and equipment increased during the quarter due to the acquisition of Smiths Medical and will also vary from period to period based on additional investments needed to support new and existing products and expansion of our manufacturing facilities.

Cash Flows from Financing Activities

The following table summarizes the changes in our financing cash flows (in thousands):

⁽²⁾ Our business acquisitions will vary from period to period based upon our current growth strategy and our ability to execute on desirable target companies. On January 6, 2022, we completed the acquisition of Smiths Medical. The cash consideration for the transaction was \$1.9 billion, which was financed with existing cash balances and borrowings under the Credit Agreement. Acquired cash was \$78.8 million.

⁽³⁾ In September 2021, we recorded a \$7.1 million intangible asset related to a three-year non-compete agreement, of which \$3.1 million was non-cash offset with a contingent earn-out (see Note 8: Fair Value Measurements).

⁽⁴⁾ In September 2021, we paid \$3.3 million to acquire approximately a 20% non-marketable equity interest in a non-public company.

⁽⁵⁾ Our purchases of investment securities will vary from period to period based on current cash needs, planning for known future transactions and changes in our investment strategy.

Proceeds from the sale of our investment securities will vary from period to period based on the maturity dates of the investments. Includes \$19.0 million in proceeds received during the second quarter of 2022 from a promissory note related to an acquired investment as part of the Smiths Medical acquisition.

	Nine months ended September 30,			
	·	2022	2021	Change
Financing Cash Flows:	·			
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt, net of lender debt issuance costs	\$	1,672,631 \$	- \$	1,672,631 (1)
Principal payments on long-term debt		(20,250)	_	(20,250) (2)
Payment of third-party debt issuance costs		(1,852)	_	(1,852)(2)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options		7,906	6,966	940 (3)
Payments on finance leases		(477)	(448)	(29)
Tax withholding payments related to net share settlement of equity awards		(10,541)	(8,109)	(2,432) (4)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	\$	1,647,417 \$	(1,591) \$	1,649,008

⁽¹⁾ In January 2022, we borrowed an aggregate of \$1.7 billion under Senior Secured Credit Facilities contained in the Credit Agreement to partially finance our acquisition of Smiths Medical (see Note 17: Long-Term Debt to our accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements for additional information). The proceeds are net of \$27.3 million in payments of lender debt issuance costs.

Our common stock purchase plan, which authorized the repurchase of up to \$100.0 million of our common stock, was approved by our Board of Directors in August 2019. This plan has no expiration date. As of September 30, 2022, all of the \$100.0 million available for purchase was remaining under the plan.

Critical Accounting Policies

In our 2021 Annual Report on Form 10-K, we identified the critical accounting policies which affect our more significant estimates and assumptions used in preparing our consolidated financial statements. There have been no material changes to our critical accounting policies from those previously disclosed in our 2021 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

New Accounting Pronouncements

See Note 2: New Accounting Pronouncements in Part I, Item 1. "Financial Statements."

⁽²⁾ Payment of \$20.3 million of principal payments on the Senior Secured Credit Facilities and \$1.9 million in third-party debt issuance costs.

⁽³⁾ Proceeds from the exercise of stock options will vary from period to period based on the volume of options exercised and the exercise price of the specific options exercised.

⁽⁴⁾ During the nine months ended September 30, 2022, our employees surrendered 45,370 shares of our common stock from vested restricted stock awards as consideration for approximately \$10.5 million in minimum statutory withholding obligations paid on their behalf. During the nine months ended September 30, 2021, our employees surrendered 39,371 shares of our common stock from vested restricted stock awards as consideration for approximately \$8.1 million in minimum statutory withholding obligations paid on their behalf.

Forward-Looking Statements

Various portions of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, including this Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, and documents referenced herein, describe trends in our business and finances that we perceive and state some of our expectations and beliefs about our future. These statements about the future are "forward-looking statements," within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and we may identify them by using words such as "anticipate," "expect," "extimate," "intend," "plan," "will," "continue," "could," "may," and by similar expressions and statements about aims, goals and plans. The forward-looking statements are based on the information currently available to us and assumptions that we believe are reasonable, but we do not intend the statements to be representations as to future results. They include, without limitation, statements about:

- our future growth; future operating results and various elements of operating results, including future expenditures and effects with respect to sales and marketing and product development and acquisition efforts; future sales and unit volumes of products; expected increases and decreases in sales; deferred revenue; accruals for restructuring charges, future license, royalty and revenue share income; production costs; gross margins; litigation expense; future SG&A and R&D expenses; manufacturing expenses; future costs of expanding our business; income; losses; cash flow; amortization; source of funds for capital purchases and operations; future tax rates; alternative sources of capital or financing; changes in working capital items such as receivables and inventory; selling prices; and income taxes;
- factors affecting operating results, such as shipments to specific customers; reduced dependence on current proprietary products; loss of a strategic relationship; change in demand; domestic and international sales; expansion in international markets, selling prices; future increases or decreases in sales of certain products and in certain markets and distribution channels; maintaining strategic relationships and securing long-term and multi-product contracts with large healthcare providers and major buying organizations; increases in systems capabilities; introduction, development and sales of new products, acquisition and integration of businesses and product lines (including Smiths Medical); benefits of our products over competing systems; qualification of our new products for the expedited Section 510(k) clearance procedure; possibility of lengthier clearance process for new products; planned increases in marketing; warranty claims; rebates; product returns; bad debt expense; amortization expense; inventory requirements; lives of property and equipment; manufacturing efficiencies and cost savings; unit manufacturing costs; establishment or expansion of production facilities inside or outside of the United States; planned new orders for semi-automated or fully automated assembly machines for new products; adequacy of production capacity; results of R&D; our plans to repurchase shares of our common stock; asset impairment losses; relocation of manufacturing facilities and personnel; effect of expansion of manufacturing facilities on production efficiencies and resolution of production inefficiencies; the effect of costs to customers and delivery times; business seasonality and fluctuations in quarterly results; customer ordering patterns and the effects of new accounting pronouncements; and
- new or extended contracts with manufacturers and buying organizations; dependence on a small number of customers; loss of larger distributors and the ability to locate other distributors; impact of our recently completed acquisition of the Smiths Medical business; the outcome of our strategic initiatives; regulatory approvals and compliance; including the work necessary to achieve regulatory clearance with respect to the Smiths Medical Warning Letter; outcome of litigation; patent protection and intellectual property landscape; patent infringement claims and the impact of newly issued patents on other medical devices; competitive and market factors, including continuing development of competing products by other manufacturers; improved production processes and higher volume production; innovation requirements; consolidation of the healthcare provider market and downward pressure on selling prices; distribution or financial capabilities of competitors; healthcare reform legislation; use of treasury stock; working capital requirements; liquidity and realizable value of our investment securities; future investment alternatives; foreign currency denominated financial instruments; foreign exchange risk; commodity price risk; our expectations regarding liquidity and capital resources over the next twelve months; capital expenditures; plans to convert existing space; acquisitions of other businesses or product lines, indemnification liabilities and contractual liabilities.

Forward-looking statements involve certain risks and uncertainties, which may cause actual results to differ materially from those discussed in each such statement. First, one should consider the factors and risks described in the statements themselves or otherwise discussed herein. Those factors are uncertain, and if one or more of them turn out differently than we currently expect, our operating results may differ materially from our current expectations.

Second, investors should read the forward-looking statements in conjunction with the Risk Factors discussed in Part I, Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021, Part II, Item 1A of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and our other reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). Also, actual future operating results are subject to other important factors and risks that we cannot predict or control, including without limitation, the following:

- the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic on us, our business and on domestic and global economies generally;
- · the integration of Smiths Medical being more difficult, time-consuming or costly than expected;
- general economic and business conditions, both in the U.S. and internationally;
- unexpected changes in our arrangements with Pfizer or our other large customers;
- · outcome of litigation;
- · fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates and other risks of doing business internationally;
- increased competition for skilled workers;
- decreases in availability of the raw materials needed to manufacture our products;
- the effect of price and safety considerations on the healthcare industry;
- · competitive factors, such as product innovation, new technologies, marketing and distribution strength and price erosion;
- the successful development and marketing of new products;
- unanticipated market shifts and trends;
- the impact of legislation affecting government reimbursement of healthcare costs;
- · changes by our major customers and independent distributors in their strategies that might affect their efforts to market our products;
- the effects of additional governmental regulations;
- · unanticipated production problems;
- acquisition and integration expenses (including as it relates to the Smiths Medical acquisition);
- the availability of patent protection and the cost of enforcing and of defending patent claims;
- natural disasters and outbreak of disease or illness;
- supply chain constraints or disruptions;
- impact of inflation on raw materials, freight charges and labor, especially in the U.S.; and
- interest rate increases.

The forward-looking statements in this report are subject to additional risks and uncertainties, including those detailed from time to time in our other filings with the SEC. These forward-looking statements are made only as of the date hereof and, except as required by law, we undertake no obligation to update or revise any of them, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

Interest Rate Risk

In connection with the Smiths Medical acquisition on January 6, 2022 we entered into the Senior Secured Credit Facilities totaling approximately \$2.2 billion consisting of a variable-rate term loan A facility of \$850.0 million, a variable-rate term loan B facility of \$850.0 million and a revolving credit facility of \$500.0 million. We are exposed to changes in interest rates on all of these variable-rate debt instruments.

The term loan A facility currently bears interest based on Adjusted Term SOFR plus an initial applicable margin of 1.75% per year. The term loan B facility currently bears interest based on Adjusted Term SOFR subject to a 0.50% floor plus an initial applicable margin of 2.5%. We used a sensitivity analysis to measure our interest rate risk exposure. If the SOFR rate increases or decreases 1% from September 30, 2022, the additional annual interest expense or savings related to the term loans would amount to approximately \$16.8 million.

In order to mitigate and offset a portion of this interest rate risk exposure associated with these debt instruments we entered into interest rate swaps to achieve a targeted mix of fixed and variable-rate debt. The term loan A swap has an initial notional amount of \$300.0 million, reducing to \$150.0 million evenly on a quarterly basis excluding its final maturity on March 30, 2027 and we will pay a fixed rate of 1.32% and will receive the greater of 3-month USD SOFR or (0.15)%. The term loan B swap has an initial notional amount of \$750.0 million, reducing to \$46.9 million evenly on a quarterly basis excluding its final maturity on March 30, 2026 and we will pay a fixed rate of 1.17% and will receive the greater of 3-month USD SOFR or 0.35%. See Note 8: Derivatives and Hedging Activities to the condensed consolidated financial statements in Part I, Item 1 of this Form 10-Q.

Foreign Currency Exchange Rate Risk

We transact business globally in multiple currencies, some of which are considered volatile. Our international revenues and expenses and working capital positions denominated in these foreign currencies expose us to the risk of fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates against the U.S. dollar. As the receiver of foreign currencies we are adversely affected by the strengthening of the U.S. dollar and other currencies relative to the operating unit functional currency. Our hedging policy attempts to manage these risks to an acceptable level. We manage our foreign currency exposures on a consolidated basis to take advantage of net exposures and natural offsets, which are then further reduced by the gains and losses of our hedging instruments. Gains and losses on the hedged forecasted transactions and reduce the earnings volatility related to foreign exchange, however we do not hedge our entire foreign exchange exposure and are still subject to earnings volatility due to foreign currency exchange rate risk.

Our foreign currency exchange forward contracts hedge a portion of our forecasted foreign currency-denominated revenues and expenses (principally Mexican Pesos, Euros, Czech Koruna, Japanese Yen, U.S. Dollar, Chinese Renminbi, Canadian Dollar and Australian Dollar) that differ from the functional currency of the operating unit. These derivative contracts are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges (see Note 8: Derivatives and Hedging Activities to the condensed consolidated financial statements in Part I, Item 1 of this Form 10-Q). We performed a sensitivity analysis to estimate changes in the fair value of our foreign exchange derivatives due to potential changes in near-term foreign currency exchange rates. At September 30, 2022, the effect of a hypothetical 10% weakening in the actual foreign currency exchange rates used for the applicable currencies did not result in a material impact on the fair value of these outstanding derivatives contracts.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Limitations on Effectiveness of Controls and Procedures

In designing and evaluating our disclosure controls and procedures, management recognizes that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives. In addition, the design of disclosure controls and procedures must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and that management is required to apply judgment in evaluating the benefits of possible controls and procedures relative to their costs

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our principal executive officer and principal financial officer have concluded, based on their evaluation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")), as of the end of the period covered by this Report, that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective at a reasonable assurance level. As permitted by related SEC staff interpretive guidance for newly acquired

businesses, the internal control over financial reporting of Smiths Medical was excluded from the evaluation of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of September 30, 2022. Smiths Medical, which we acquired in January 2022, represented approximately 40% of our consolidated total assets as of September 30, 2022, and 44% and 41% of our consolidated total revenue for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, respectively.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There was no change in our internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended September 30, 2022 that has materially affected or is reasonably likely to materially affect our internal control over financial reporting, except as mentioned above.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

Certain legal proceedings in which we are involved are discussed in Part I, Item 1. "Financial Statements" of this Form 10-Q in Note 19. Commitments and Contingencies to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, and is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

In evaluating an investment in our common stock, investors should consider carefully, among other things, the risk factors previously disclosed in Part I, Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC for the year ended December 31, 2021, as well as the information contained in this Quarterly Report and our other reports and registration statements filed with the SEC.

The Smiths Medical acquisition completed in January 2022 has resulted in organizational changes and significant growth to our business. If we fail to effectively manage this growth and change to our business in a manner that preserves our reputation with customers and the key aspects of our corporate culture, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be harmed.

The Smiths Medical acquisition has resulted in significant growth in our personnel and operations, adding approximately 6,700 employees to our headcount, bringing our total headcount as of September 30, 2022 to approximately 15,300 employees. We will continue to incur significant expenditures and the allocation of management time to assimilate the Smiths Medical employees in a manner that preserves the key aspects of our corporate culture, including a focus on strong customer satisfaction, but there can be no assurance that we will be successful in our efforts. If we do not effectively integrate, train and manage our combined employee base and maintain strong customer relationships, our corporate culture could be undermined, the quality of our products and customer service could suffer, and our reputation could be harmed, each of which could adversely impact our business, financial condition and results of operations.

The Smiths Medical acquisition is a significant acquisition for us and the product offerings within Smiths Medical are not product offerings that we previously offered. The success of our business will depend, in part, on our ability to realize our anticipated benefits, opportunities and synergies from combining our legacy businesses and Smiths Medical. We can provide no assurance that the anticipated benefits of the Smiths Medical acquisition will be fully realized in the time frame anticipated or at all. Integrating the operations of Smiths Medical with that of our legacy business will be a complex, costly and time-consuming process. The integration process may disrupt the businesses and, if implemented ineffectively, would restrict the realization of the full expected benefits. The failure to meet the challenges involved in integrating the two businesses could cause an interruption of, or a loss of momentum in, the activities of the combined businesses and could adversely affect the results of operations of the combined businesses. Potential difficulties that may be encountered in the integration process include the following:

- challenges in preserving important strategic customer and other third-party relationships of both businesses;
- the diversion of management's attention to integration matters;
- challenges in maintaining employee morale and retaining or attracting key employees;

- potential incompatibility of corporate cultures;
- changes in the combined business due to potential divestitures or requirements imposed by antitrust regulators;
- costs, delays and other difficulties consolidating corporate and administrative infrastructures and information systems and in implementing common systems and procedures including, in particular, our internal controls over financial reporting; and
- · coordinating and integrating a geographically dispersed organization, including operations in jurisdictions we currently do not operate in.

Any one or all of these factors may increase operating costs or lower anticipated financial performance. Achieving the anticipated benefits and the potential benefits underlying our reasons for the Smiths Medical business acquisition will depend on successful integration of the businesses. Because of the significance of the Smiths Medical business acquisition to us, our failure to successfully integrate the Smiths Medical business with that of our own could have a material adverse impact on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Prolonged periods of inflation as a result of the current Global Macroeconomic and Geopolitical Conditions could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations.

Global supply chain disruptions as a result of COVID-19 and more recently the war in the Ukraine has resulted in, and may continue to result in, higher interest rates and capital costs, increased raw material costs, higher shipping costs, and the negative impacts from weakening foreign exchange rates. We have experienced and may continue to experience these inflationary increases in our manufacturing costs and operating expenses as well as negative impacts on our operating results from weakening exchange rates. Prolonged inflation may also reduce or delay orders for our products and for certain products we may be unable to satisfy demand, both of which could have a material adverse impact on our sales and results of operations.

There have been no other material changes in the risk factors other than those mentioned above from those previously disclosed under "Risk Factors" in Part I, Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K with the SEC for the year ended December 31, 2021.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities

On January 6, 2022, as part of the consideration for the acquisition of Smiths Medical, we issued 2.5 million unregistered shares of our common stock to Smiths Group International Holdings Limited.

The issuance of these shares to Smiths Medical in accordance with the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in a shareholders agreement was made in reliance on the private offering exemption of Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act and/or the private offering safe harbor provision of Rule 506 of Regulation D promulgated thereunder, as transactions not involving a public offering.

Purchase of Equity Securities

The following is a summary of our stock repurchasing activity during the third quarter of 2022:

Period	Total number of shares purchased	Average price paid per share	purchased as part of a publicly announced program	Approximate dollar value that may yet be purchased under the program ⁽¹⁾
07/01/2022 — 07/31/2022	_	\$ _	_	\$ 100,000,000
08/01/2022 — 08/31/2022	_	\$ 	_	\$ 100,000,000
09/01/2022 — 09/30/2022	_	\$ _	_	\$ 100,000,000
Third quarter of 2022 total		\$ _		\$ 100,000,000

Total number of shous

(1) Our common stock purchase plan, which authorized the repurchase of up to \$100.0 million of our common stock, was authorized by our Board of Directors and publicly announced in August, 2019. This plan has no expiration date. We are not obligated to make any purchases under our stock purchase program. Subject to applicable state and federal corporate and securities laws, purchases under a stock purchase program may be made at such times and in such amounts as we deem appropriate. Purchases made under our stock purchase program can be discontinued at any time we feel additional purchases are not warranted.

Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibit Index

Exhibit 31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
Exhibit 31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
Exhibit <u>32.1</u>	Certifications of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
Exhibit 101.INS	XBRL Instance Document - this instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document.
Exhibit 101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
Exhibit 101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
Exhibit 101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
Exhibit 101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
Exhibit 101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
Exhibit 104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101)

Signature

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the
undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

ICU Medical, Inc.

(Registrant)

/s/ Brian M. Bonnell Date: November 7, 2022

Brian M. Bonnell Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer and Authorized Officer)

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Vivek Jain, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of ICU Medical, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
- a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 7, 2022 /s/ Vivek Jain
Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Brian M. Bonnell, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of ICU Medical, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
- a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 7, 2022	/s/ Brian M. Bonnell
	Chief Financial Officer

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of ICU Medical, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2022 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Vivek Jain, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

 November 7, 2022 /s/ Vivek Jain

Vivek Jain

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of ICU Medical, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2022 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Brian M. Bonnell, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

November 7, 2022
/s/ Brian M. Bonnell
Brian M. Bonnell